

# Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



## Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

# Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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# NOG (Human) IP-WB Antibody Pair

Catalog # : H00009241-PW2 規格 : [1 Set]

### List All

Specification		Application Image
Product Description:	This IP-WB antibody pair set comes with one antibody for immunoprecipitation and another to detect the precipitated protein in western blot.	Immunoprecipitation-Westerr Blot
Reactivity:	Human	
Quality Control Testing:	Immunoprecipitation-Western Blot (IP-WB)	
	758 = 100 = 75 = 75 = 75	
	50 <b>-</b> 37 <b>-</b>	
	25- 20-	
	15-	
	Immunoprecipitation of NOG transfected lysate using rabbit polyclonal anti-NOG and Protein A Magnetic Bead ( <u>U0007</u> ), and immunoblotted with mouse purified polyclonal anti-NOG.	
Supplied Product:	Antibody pair set content:  1. Antibody pair for IP: rabbit polyclonal anti-NOG (300 ul)  2. Antibody pair for WB: mouse purified polyclonal anti-NOG (50 ug)	
Storage Instruction:	Store reagents of the antibody pair set at -20°C or lower. Please aliquot to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycle. Reagents should be returned to -20°C storage immediately after use.	
Applications		
Immunoprecipit	ation-Western Blot	
Gene Information	on	
Entrez GeneID:	9241	
Gene Name:	NOG	
Gene Alias:	SYM1,SYNS1	
Gene Description:	noggin	
Omim ID:	<u>184460, 185800, 186500, 186570, 602991</u>	
Gene Ontology:	<u>Hyperlink</u>	
	The secreted polypeptide, encoded by this gene, binds and inactivates	

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members of the transforming growth factor-beta (TGF-beta) superfamily signaling proteins, such as bone morphogenetic protein-4 (BMP4). By diffusing through extracellular matrices more efficiently than members of the TGF-beta superfamily, this protein may have a principal role in creating morphogenic gradients. The protein appears to have pleiotropic effect, both early in development as well as in later stages. It was originally isolated from Xenopus based on its ability to restore normal dorsal-ventral body axis in embryos that had been artificially ventralized by UV treatment. The results of the mouse knockout of the ortholog suggest that it is involved in numerous developmental processes, such as neural tube fusion and joint formation. Recently, several dominant human NOG mutations in unrelated families with proximal symphalangism (SYM1) and multiple synostoses syndrome (SYNS1) were identified; both SYM1 and SYNS1 have multiple joint fusion as their principal feature, and map to the same region (17q22) as this gene. All of these mutations altered evolutionarily conserved amino acid residues. The amino acid sequence of this human gene is highly homologous to that of Xenopus, rat and mouse. [provided by RefSeq

Other

symphalangism 1 (proximal)

**Designations:** 

#### **Gene Pathway**

TGF-beta signaling pathway

#### **Related Disease**

<u>Diabetes Mellitus, Type 2 Genetic Predisposition to Disease Neural Tube Defects Obesity Osteoporosis Ovarian Failure, Premature Polycystic Ovary Syndrome Puberty, Delayed Puberty, Precocious Thrombophilia Tobacco Use Disorder</u>

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