



SZABO SCANDIC

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Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Datasheet

VIM monoclonal antibody, clone CL0157

Catalog Number: MAB15543

Regulatory Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against partial recombinant human VIM.

Clone Name: CL0157

Immunogen: Recombinant protein corresponding to human VIM.

Sequence:

FANYIDKVRFLFQQNKILLAELEQLKGQGSRLGLYE
EEMRELRRQVDQLTNDKARVEVERDNLAEDIMRLREK
LQEEMLQREEAENTLQSFRQVDNASLARLDLERKVE
S

Host: Mouse

Reactivity: Human

Applications: IHC-P, WB-Ti

(See our web site product page for detailed applications information)

Protocols: See our web site at

<http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp> or product page for detailed protocols

Form: Liquid

Purification: Protein A purification

Isotype: IgG1

Recommend Usage: Immunohistochemistry

(Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

(1:2500-1:5000)

Western Blot (1:500-1:1000)

The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: In PBS, pH 7.2 (40% glycerol, 0.02% sodium azide).

Storage Instruction: Store at 4°C. For long term

storage store at -20°C.

Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GeneID: 7431

Gene Symbol: VIM

Gene Alias: FLJ36605

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the intermediate filament family. Intermediate filaments, along with microtubules and actin microfilaments, make up the cytoskeleton. The protein encoded by this gene is responsible for maintaining cell shape, integrity of the cytoplasm, and stabilizing cytoskeletal interactions. It is also involved in the immune response, and controls the transport of low-density lipoprotein (LDL)-derived cholesterol from a lysosome to the site of esterification. It functions as an organizer of a number of critical proteins involved in attachment, migration, and cell signaling. Mutations in this gene causes a dominant, pulverulent cataract]