SZABO SCANDIC

Part of Europa Biosite

Produktinformation

- Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien
- Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial
- Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik
- Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!

Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic

9F, No. 108, Jhouzih St., Taipei, Taiwan
Tel: + 886-2-8751-1888 Fax: + 886-2-6602-1218
E-mail: sales@abnova.com

Datasheet

VHH-His tag NanoAb™ Targeting Human DR5, clone 1100

Catalog Number: NAB00027-M01J

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: VHH-His tag NanoAb™ targeting human DR5 native protein.

Clone Name: 1100

Immunogen: Human DR5 recombinant protein

Sequence: Available for licensing

Antibody Species: Camelid

Epitope: Monospecific

Tag: 6x-His Tag at C-terminus

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Affinity: Not measured

Form: Liquid

Protocols: See our web site at http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product page for detailed protocols

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Preparation Method: Mammalian cell (HEK293) expression system

Purification: Ni-IDA (Iminodiacetic acid) resin

Recommend Usage: Flow cytometry
ELISA
The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: In PBS, pH 7.4

Storage Instruction: Store at -80°C.
Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GeneID: 8795

Gene Symbol: TNFRSF10B

Gene Alias: CD262, DR5, KILLER, KILLER/DR5, TRAIL-R2, TRAILR2, TRICK2, TRICK2A, TRICK2B, TRICKB, ZTNFR9

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily, and contains an intracellular death domain. This receptor can be activated by tumor necrosis factor-related apoptosis inducing ligand (TNFSF10/TRAIL/APO-2L), and transduces an apoptosis signal. Studies with FADD-deficient mice suggested that FADD, a death domain containing adaptor protein, is required for the apoptosis mediated by this protein. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms and one non-coding transcript have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq]