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Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Datasheet

IFNG (Human) Recombinant Protein

Gene Alias: IFG, IFI

Catalog Number: P10251

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Human IFNG (P01579, Gln24-Gly161) partial recombinant protein with His-Avi tag at C-terminus expressed in HEK293 cells.

Sequence: Gln24-Gly161

Host: Human

Theoretical MW (kDa): 19.1

Protocols: See our web site at <http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp> or product page for detailed protocols

Form: Lyophilized

Preparation Method: Mammalian cell (HEK293) expression system

Purity: > 95% as determined by Tris-Bis PAGE; > 95% as determined by HPLC

Endotoxin Level: < 1 EU per 1 ug of protein (determined by LAL method)

Recommend Usage: Biological Activity

ELISA

SEC-HPLC

Tris-Bis PAGE

The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: Lyophilized from filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4 (5% trehalose).

Storage Instruction: After reconstitution with deionized water to a final concentration more than 100 ug/ml, store at 4°C for 1 week. For long term storage, store at -80°C for 1 year.

Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GeneID: 3458

Gene Symbol: IFNG

Gene Summary: Interferon-gamma (IFNG), or type II interferon, is a cytokine critical for innate and adaptive immunity against viral and intracellular bacterial infections and for tumor control. Aberrant IFNG expression is associated with a number of autoinflammatory and autoimmune diseases. The importance of IFNG in the immune system stems in part from its ability to inhibit viral replication directly, but most importantly derives from its immunostimulatory and immunomodulatory effects. IFNG is produced predominantly by natural killer (NK) and natural killer T (NKT) cells as part of the innate immune response, and by CD4 (MIM 186940) and CD8 (see MIM 186910) cytotoxic T lymphocyte (CTL) effector T cells once antigen-specific immunity develops (Schoenborn and Wilson, 2007 [PubMed 17981204]).[supplied by OMIM]