

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Datasheet

PLAU (Human) Recombinant Protein (Biotin)

Catalog Number: P10483

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Human PLAU (P00749-1, Ser21-Leu431) partial recombinant protein with His-Avi tag at the C-Terminus expressed in HEK293 cells.

Sequence: Ser21-Leu431

Host: Human

Theoretical MW (kDa): 49.3

Protocols: See our web site at

http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product

page for detailed protocols

Form: Lyophilized

Conjugation: Biotin

Preparation Method: Mammalian cell (HEK293)

expression system

Purity: > 95% by Tris-Bis PAGE

> 95% by HPLC

Endotoxin Level: < 0.1 EU per 1 ug as determined by

the LAL method.

Activity: The EC₅₀ was 13.6 ng/mL, measured by ELISA

at 1 ug/mL.

Recommend Usage: Biological Activity

ELISA

Tris-Bis PAGE SEC-HPLC

The optimal working dilution should be determined by

the end user.

Storage Buffer: Lyophilized from 0.22 um filtered

solution in PBS, pH 7.4. (8% trehalose).

Storage Instruction: Store at -20°C for 12 months. After reconstitution, store at 4°C for 2-7 days, or store at

-80°C for 3-6 months.

Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GenelD: 5328

Gene Symbol: PLAU

Gene Alias: ATF, UPA, URK, UROKINASE, u-PA

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a serine protease involved in degradation of the extracellular matrix and possibly tumor cell migration and proliferation. A specific polymorphism in this gene may be associated with lateonset Alzheimer's disease and also with decreased affinity for fibrin-binding. This protein converts plasminogen to plasmin by specific cleavage of an Arg-Val bond in plasminogen. Plasmin in turn cleaves this protein at a Lys-Ile bond to form a two-chain derivative in which a single disulfide bond connects the aminoterminal A-chain to the catalytically active, carboxyterminal B-chain. This two-chain derivative is also called HMW-uPA (high molecular weight uPA). HMW-uPA can be further processed into LMW-uPA (low molecular weight uPA) by cleavage of chain A into a short chain A (A1) and an amino-terminal fragment. LMW-uPA is proteolytically active but does not bind to the uPA receptor. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq]