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Produktinformation



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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Datasheet

TNFSF11 (Human) Recombinant Protein

Catalog Number: P9887

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Human TNFSF11 (O14788-2, Gly63-Asp244) partial recombinant protein with His-Flag tag at N-Terminus expressed in HEK293 cells.

Sequence: Gly63-Asp244

Host: Human

Theoretical MW (kDa): 22.6

Protocols: See our web site at <http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp> or product page for detailed protocols

Form: Lyophilized

Preparation Method: Mammalian cell (HEK293) expression system

Purity: > 90% as determined by Tris-Bis PAGE

Endotoxin Level: < 1 EU per 1 ug of protein
(determined by LAL method)

Activity: The EC₅₀ was 8.5 ng/mL, measured by ELISA at 2 ug/mL.

Recommend Usage: Biological Activity

ELISA

SDS-PAGE

The optimal working dilution should be determined by the end user.

Storage Buffer: Lyophilized from sterile distilled Water
is > 100 ug/mL

Storage Instruction: Store at 2°C to 8°C for 1 week.
For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C.
Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GeneID: 8600

Gene Symbol: TNFSF11

Gene Alias: CD254, ODF, OPGL, OPTB2, RANKL, TRANCE, hRANKL2, sOdf

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) cytokine family which is a ligand for osteoprotegerin and functions as a key factor for osteoclast differentiation and activation. This protein was shown to be a dendritic cell survival factor and is involved in the regulation of T cell-dependent immune response. T cell activation was reported to induce expression of this gene and lead to an increase of osteoclastogenesis and bone loss. This protein was shown to activate antiapoptotic kinase AKT/PKB through a signaling complex involving SRC kinase and tumor necrosis factor receptor-associated factor (TRAF) 6, which indicated this protein may have a role in the regulation of cell apoptosis. Targeted disruption of the related gene in mice led to severe osteopetrosis and a lack of osteoclasts. The deficient mice exhibited defects in early differentiation of T and B lymphocytes, and failed to form lobulo-alveolar mammary structures during pregnancy. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found. [provided by RefSeq]