

# Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



## Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

## Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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#### Description

The TRKB Kinase Assay Kit is designed to measure TRKB kinase activity for screening and profiling applications using ADP-Glo® as a detection reagent. The assay kit comes in a convenient 96-well format, with enough purified recombinant TRKB kinase, kinase substrate, ATP and kinase assay buffer for 100 enzyme reactions.

### **Background**

Tropomyosin receptor kinase B (TRKB) is a high-affinity catalytic receptor for neurotrophins and is part of a large family of tyrosine kinases. Once activated by specific neurotrophins, such as brain derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF), TRKB mediates neuronal differentiation and survival. TRKB and BDNF have been associated with the pathology and progression of Alzheimer's disease and other neurodegenerative disorders. More recently as a member of TRK proto-oncogene family, TRKB inhibitors have become of interest as a possible cancer therapy.

### **Applications**

Study enzyme kinetics and screen small molecular inhibitors for drug discovery and high throughput (HTS) applications.

## **Supplied Materials**

| Name  | Amount   | Storage   |
|---|--|---|
| TRKB*                                       | 10 μg  | -80°C   |
| Kinase Buffer 1 (5x)                        | 1.5 ml   | -20°C   |
| ATP (500 μM)                                | 50 μl  | -20°C   |
| PTK Substrate (Poly-Glu,Tyr 4:1) (10 mg/ml) | 50 μl  | -20°C   |
| White 96-well plate                         | 1  | Room Temperature  |
|   | TRKB*  Kinase Buffer 1 (5x)  ATP (500 μM)  PTK Substrate (Poly-Glu,Tyr 4:1) (10 mg/ml) | TRKB* 10 μg  Kinase Buffer 1 (5x) 1.5 ml  ATP (500 μM) 50 μl  PTK Substrate (Poly-Glu,Tyr 4:1) (10 mg/ml) 50 μl |

<sup>\*</sup>The concentration of the protein is lot-specific and will be indicated on the tube

## **Materials Required but Not Supplied**

| Name  | Catalog #      |
|---|----------------|
| ADP-Glo® Kinase Assay                             | Promega #V6930 |
| Microplate reader capable of reading luminescence |                |
| Adjustable micropipettor and sterile tips         |                |
| 30°C Incubator                                    |                |

## **Storage Conditions**



This assay kit will perform optimally for up to 6 months from date of receipt when the materials are stored as directed.

## Safety



This product is for research purposes only and not for human or therapeutic use. This product should be considered hazardous and is harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin, eyes, clothing, and if swallowed. If contact occurs, wash thoroughly.



#### **Assay Principle**

The ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay (Promega, #V6930) quantifies the amount of ADP produced by a kinase upon phosphorylation of a substrate. First, addition of the ADP-Glo™ reagent terminates the reaction and quenches the remaining ATP. Second, addition of the Kinase Detection reagent converts the produced ADP to ATP. The new ATP is quantified by a luciferase reaction. The luminescent signal correlates with the amount of ADP generated by the kinase and is linear to 1 mM ATP.

#### **Contraindications**

The final concentration of DMSO in the assay should not exceed 1%.

#### **Assay Protocol**

All samples and controls should be tested in duplicate.

- 1. Thaw 5x Kinase Assay Buffer 1, (500 μM) ATP, and PTK Substrate (Poly-Glu,Tyr 4:1) (10 mg/ml).
- 2. Prepare 3 ml of 1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1 by mixing 600 μl of 5x Kinase Assay Buffer 1 with 2,400 μl water.

Note: Three (3 ml) of **1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1** is sufficient for 100 reactions.

- 3. Prepare the Master Mix (12.5  $\mu$ l/well): N wells x (7  $\mu$ l of 1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1 + 0.5  $\mu$ l of ATP (500  $\mu$ M) + 0.5  $\mu$ l of PTK Substrate (10 mg/ml) + 4.5  $\mu$ l of distilled water. Add 12.5  $\mu$ l to every well.
- 4. Prepare the **Test Inhibitor** (2.5  $\mu$ l/well): For a titration, prepare serial dilutions at concentrations 10-fold higher than the desired final concentrations. The final volume of the reaction is 25  $\mu$ l.

If the Test Inhibitor is water-soluble:

- 4.1 Prepare serial dilutions in the **1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1**, 10-fold more concentrated than the desired final concentrations.
- 4.2 For the positive and negative controls, use 1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1 (Diluent Solution).

#### Or

If the Test inhibitor is soluble in DMSO:

- 4.1 Prepare the test inhibitor at 100-fold the highest desired concentration in DMSO, then dilute the inhibitor 10-fold in **1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1** to prepare the highest concentration of the 10-fold intermediate dilutions. The concentration of DMSO is now 10%.
- 4.2 Prepare serial dilutions of the Test Inhibitor at 10-fold the desired final concentrations using 10% DMSO in 1x Kinase Assay Buffer to keep the concentration of DMSO constant.
- 4.3 For positive and negative controls, prepare 10% DMSO in water (vol/vol) so that all wells contain the same amount of DMSO (Diluent Solution).

Note: The final concentration of DMSO should not exceed 1%.

- 5. Add 2.5 μl of **Test Inhibitor** to each well labeled "Test Inhibitor." For the "Positive Control" and "Blank," add 2.5 μl of **Diluent Solution** (either kinase assay buffer or 10% DMSO in kinase assay buffer, as described above).
- 6. To the wells designated as "Blank," add 10  $\mu$ l of 1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1.



7. Thaw **TRKB kinase** on ice. Briefly spin the tube to recover its full contents. Dilute the protein kinase (10 μl/well) to 10 ng/μl [please check units of concentration] using **1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1**.

Note: The concentration of protein is lot-specific and is indicated on the tube. Verify the initial concentration and dilute accordingly.



Note: This kinase is particularly sensitive to freeze/thaw cycles. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles. Do not re-use the thawed protein and do not re-use the diluted kinase.

8. Initiate the reaction by adding 10  $\mu$ l of diluted Kinase to the wells designated "Positive Control" and "Test Inhibitor."

| Component                | Blank   | <b>Positive Control</b> | Test Inhibitor |
|--------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Master Mix               | 12.5 μΙ | 12.5 μΙ                 | 12.5 μΙ        |
| Test Inhibitor           | -       | -                       | 2.5 μΙ         |
| Diluent Solution         | 2.5 μΙ  | 2.5 μΙ                  | -              |
| 1x Kinase Assay Buffer 1 | 10 μΙ   | -                       | -              |
| TRKB (10 ng/μl)          | -       | 10 μΙ                   | 10 μΙ          |
| Total                    | 25 μΙ   | 25 μΙ                   | 25 μΙ          |

- 9. Incubate at 30°C for 45 minutes.
- 10. During the incubation, thaw the ADP-Glo™ reagent. At the end of the 45-minute reaction, add 25 μl of ADP-Glo™ reagent to each well. Cover the plate with aluminum foil and incubate at room temperature for 45 minutes.
- 11. Thaw the Kinase Detection Reagent. At the end of the 45-minute incubation, add  $50 \,\mu$ l of Kinase Detection reagent to each well. Cover the plate with aluminum foil and incubate at room temperature for another 45 minutes.
- 12. Immediately read in a luminometer or a microplate reader capable of reading luminescence. The "Blank" value is subtracted from all other readings.

#### **Reading Luminescence**

Luminescence is the emission of light resulting from a chemical reaction. The detection of luminescence requires no wavelength selection because the method used is emission photometry and not emission spectrophotometry. To properly read luminescence, make sure the plate reader is set for LUMINESCENCE mode. Typical integration time is 1 second, delay after plate movement is 100 msec. Do not use a filter when measuring light emission. Typical settings for the Synergy 2 BioTek plate reader: use the "hole" position on the filter wheel; Optics position: Top; Read type: endpoint. Sensitivity may be adjusted based on the luminescence of a control assay without enzyme (typically we set this value as 100).



## **Example Results**

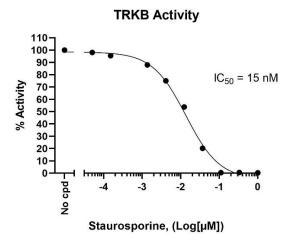


Figure 1: Inhibition of TRKB kinase Activity by Staurosporine.

The inhibition of TRKB kinase activity was measured in the presence of increasing inhibitor concentrations using the TRKB Kinase Assay Kit (BPS Bioscience #78591). The "Blank" value was subtracted from all other values. Results are expressed as the percent of control (kinase activity in the absence of inhibitor, set at 100%).

For lot-specific information, please contact BPS Bioscience, Inc. at support@bpsbioscience.com.

### **Troubleshooting Guide**

Visit bpsbioscience.com/assay-kits-faq for detailed troubleshooting instructions. For all further questions, please email support@bpsbioscience.com

#### **Related Products**

| Products               | Catalog # | Size         |
|------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| AXL Kinase Assay Kit   | 79711     | 96 reactions |
| BTK Assay Kit          | 79568     | 96 reactions |
| EPHA4 Kinase Assay Kit | 78592     | 96 reactions |
| FGFR2 Assay Kit        | 79804     | 96 reactions |
| RET Assay Kit          | 79566     | 96 reactions |

