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Data Sheet PARP11 Chemiluminescent Assay Kit Catalog # 80561

DESCRIPTION: The *PARP11 Chemiluminescent Activity Assay Kit* is designed to measure PARP11 activity for screening and profiling applications. PARP11 is known to catalyze the NAD-dependent ADP-ribosylation. The PARP11 assay kit comes in a convenient 96-well format, with purified PARP11 enzyme, histone mixture, and PARP assay buffer for 100 enzyme reactions. The key to the *PARP11 Chemiluminescent Activity Assay* is the biotinylated substrate. With this kit, only three simple steps are required for PARP11 reactions. First, histone proteins are coated on a 96-well plate. Next, the biotinylated substrate is incubated with an assay buffer that contains the PARP11 enzyme. Finally, the plate is treated with streptavidin-HRP followed by addition of the HRP substrate to produce chemiluminescence that can then be measured using a chemiluminescence reader.

COMPONENTS:

Catalog #	Reagent	Amount	Storag	ge
80511	PARP11	60 µg	-80°C	
52029	5x histone mixture	1 ml	-80°C	
	Opti-PARP 10x assay mixture	300 µl	-80°C	
	containing biotinylated substrate			Avoid
	10x PARP assay buffer	1 ml	-20°C	
79743	Blocking buffer 3	25 ml	+4°C	multiple freeze/
80611	Streptavidin-HRP	100 µl	+4°C	thaw
	HRP chemiluminescent substrate A	6 ml	+4°C	cycles!
	(translucent bottle)			cycles:
	HRP chemiluminescent substrate B	6 ml	+4°C	
	(brown bottle)			
	Max 96-well module plate	1	Room Temp.	

MATERIALS OR INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED:

1x PBS buffer

PBST buffer (1x PBS, containing 0.05% Tween-20)

Luminometer or fluorescent microplate reader capable of reading chemiluminescence Adjustable micropipettor and sterile tips

Rotating or rocker platform

APPLICATIONS: Great for studying enzyme kinetics and screening small molecular inhibitors for drug discovery and HTS applications.

STABILITY: Up to 1 year when stored as recommended.



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REFERENCE(S): Brown JA, Marala RB. *J. Pharmacol. Toxicol. Methods* 2002 **47:**137-41.

ASSAY PROTOCOL:

All samples and controls should be tested in duplicate.

Step 1: Coat 50 µl of histone solution to a Max 96-well module

- 1) Dilute 5x histone mixture 1:5 with PBS.
- 2) Add 50 µl of histone solution to each well and incubate at 4°C overnight.
- 3) Wash the plate three times using 200 µl PBST buffer (1x PBS containing 0.05% Tween 20) per well.
- 4) Tap plate onto clean paper towel to remove liquid.
- 5) Block the wells by adding 200 µl of **Blocking buffer 3** to every well. Incubate at room temperature for 60-90 minutes.
- 6) Wash plate three times with 200 µl PBST buffer as described above.
- 7) Tap plate onto clean paper towel to remove liquid.

Step 2: Ribosylation reaction

- 1) Prepare 1x PARP buffer by adding 1 part of **10x PARP assay buffer** to 9 parts $H_2O(v/v)$
- 2) Thaw **PARP11** enzyme on ice. Upon first thaw, briefly spin tube containing enzyme to recover full content of the tube. Calculate the amount of PARP11 required for the assay and dilute enzyme to 25 ~ 30 ng/µl with 1x PARP buffer. Aliquot remaining PARP11 enzyme into single use aliquots. Store remaining undiluted enzyme in aliquots at -80°C. Note: PARP11 enzyme is very sensitive to freeze/thaw cycles. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles. Do not re-use thawed aliquots or diluted enzyme.
- 3) Prepare the master mixture: N wells x (2.5 µl 10x PARP buffer + 2.5 µl 10X PARP Assay mixture + 20 µl water). Add 25 µl to every well.

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	Positive Control	Test Inhibitor	Blank
10x PARP buffer	2.5 µl	2.5 µl	2.5 µl
Opti-PARP 10x Assay mixture	2.5 µl	2.5 µl	2.5 µl
Water	20 µl	20 µl	20 µl
Test Inhibitor	_	5µl	_
Inhibitor Buffer (no inhibitor)	5 μl	_	5 µl
1x PARP buffer	_	_	20 µl
PARP11 (25-30 ng/µl)	20 µl	20 µl	
Total	50 µl	50 µl	50 µl

- 4) Add 5 μl of Inhibitor solution of each well labeled as "Test Inhibitor". For the "Positive Control" and "Blank", add 5 μl of the same solution without inhibitor (Inhibitor buffer). Note: The PARP11 Chemiluminescent Assay Kit is compatible with up to 1% final DMSO concentration. We recommend preparing the inhibitor in 10% DMSO aqueous solution and using 5 μl per PARP11 reaction.
- 5) To the wells designated as "Blank", add 20 µl of 1X PARP buffer.
- 6) Initiate reaction by adding 20 µl of diluted PARP11 enzyme to the wells designated "Positive Control" and "Test Inhibitor Control". Incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.
- 7) Discard the reaction mixture after 1 hour, and wash plate three times with 200 µl PBST buffer and tap plate onto clean paper towel as described above.

Step 3: Detection

- 1) Dilute **Streptavidin-HRP** 1:50 in Blocking buffer 3.
- 2) Add 50 μ I of diluted Streptavidin-HRP to each well. Incubate for 30 min. at room temperature.
- 3) Wash three times with 200 µl PBST buffer and tap plate onto clean paper towel as above as described above.
- 4) Just before use, mix on ice 50 μl HRP chemiluminescent substrate A and 50 μl HRP chemiluminescent substrate B and add 100 μl per well.
- 5) Immediately read the plate in a luminometer or microtiter-plate reader capable of reading chemiluminescence. The "Blank" value is subtracted from all other values.



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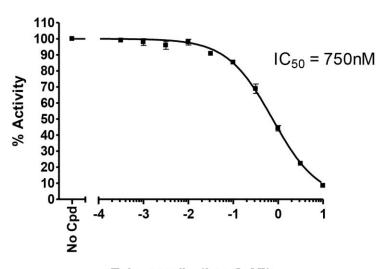
Reading Chemiluminescence:

Chemiluminescence is the emission of light (luminescence) which results from a chemical reaction. The detection of chemiluminescence requires no wavenlength selection because the method used is emission photometry and is not emission spectrophotometry.

To properly read chemiluminescence, make sure the plate reader is set for LUMINESCENCE mode. Typical integration time is 1 second, delay after plate movement is 100 msec. Do not use a filter when measuring light emission. Typical settings for the Synergy 2 BioTek plate reader are: use the "hole" position on the filter wheel; Optics position: Top; Read type: endpoint. Sensitivity may be adjusted based on the luminescence of a control assay without enzyme (typically we set this value as 100).

Example of Assay Results:

PARP11 Activity



Talazoparib, (Log [μM])

PARP11 activity, measured using the *PARP11 Chemiluminescent Activity Assay Kit*, BPS Bioscience Cat. # 80561. Luminescence was measured using a Bio-Tek microplate reader. *Data shown is lot-specific. For lot-specific information, please contact BPS Bioscience, Inc. at <u>info@bpsbioscience.com</u>*



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RELATED PRODUCTS:

K22/(125 1K6566161					
Catalog #	<u>Size</u>				
80551	96 rxns.				
80552	96 rxns.				
80553	96 rxns.				
80573	96 rxns.				
80579	96 rxns.				
80556	32 rxns.				
80557	96 rxns.				
80560	96 rxns.				
80567	96 rxns.				
80501	10 µg				
80502	10 µg				
80503	10 µg				
80506	10 µg				
80504	10 µg				
80505	10 µg				
80507	10 µg				
80509	10 µg				
80512	10 µg				
	80551 80552 80553 80573 80579 80556 80557 80560 80567 80501 80502 80503 80503 80506 80504 80505 80507 80509				



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TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

	TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE				
Problem	Possible Cause	Solution			
Luminescence signal of	PARP11 enzyme has	Enzyme loses activity upon repeated			
positive control reaction is	lost activity	freeze/thaw cycles. Use fresh enzyme			
weak		(PARP11, BPS Bioscience #80511).			
		Store enzyme in single-use aliquots.			
		Increase time of enzyme incubation.			
		Increase enzyme concentration.			
	Incorrect settings on	Refer to instrument instructions for			
	instruments	settings to increase sensitivity of light			
		detection. See section on "Reading			
		Chemiluminescence" above.			
	Chemiluminescent	Chemiluminescent solution should be			
	reagents mixed too	used within 15 minutes of mixing.			
	soon	Ensure both reagents are properly			
		mixed.			
Luminescent signal is	Inaccurate	Run duplicates of all reactions.			
erratic or varies widely	pipetting/technique	Use a multichannel pipettor.			
among wells		Use master mixes to minimize errors.			
	Bubbles in wells	Pipette slowly to avoid bubble			
		formation. Tap plate lightly to disperse			
		bubbles; be careful not to splash			
		between wells.			
Background (signal to noise	Insufficient washes	Be sure to include blocking steps after			
ratio) is high		wash steps. Increase number of			
		washes. Increase wash volume.			
		Increase Tween-20 concentration to			
		0.1% in TBST.			
	Sample solvent is	Run negative control assay including			
	inhibiting the enzyme	solvent. Maintain DMSO level at <1%			
		Increase time of enzyme incubation.			
	Results are outside the	Use different concentrations of			
	linear range of the	enzyme (PARP11, BPS Bioscience			
	assay	#80511) to create a standard curve.			