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Lieferung & Zahlungsart

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Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Description

The DNA Polymerase β Assay Kit is a fluorogenic assay designed to measure DNA Polymerase β activity for screening and profiling applications, using AccuGreen™ as detection reagent. The kit comes in a convenient 96-well format, with enough recombinant Polymerase β enzyme, DR Substrate 3, dNTP mix and buffer for 100 enzymatic reactions.

Note: AccuGreen™ High Sensitivity dsDNA Quantitation Kit is sold separately by Biotium.

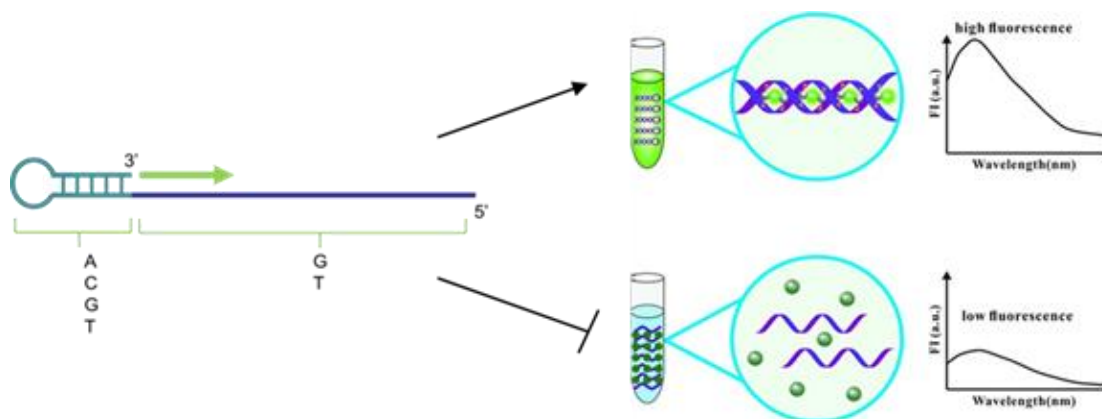


Figure 1: DNA Polymerase β Assay Kit mechanism. DNA Polymerase β uses available nucleotides to synthesize a DNA strand complementary to the template strand, leading to the formation of double-stranded DNA molecule (dsDNA). The amount of dsDNA formed directly correlates to the polymerase activity and can be quantified by the addition of the fluorescent DNA-binding dye which allows to distinguish dsDNA from ssDNA and free nucleotides. Since the dye emits fluorescence only when bound to the target dsDNA, the fluorometric readouts are low in the presence of a polymerase inhibitor.

Background

Polymerases are the enzymes responsible for synthesizing nucleic acids. DNA Polymerase β , also known as DNA polymerase subunit beta, POLB, belongs to the Family X of DNA polymerases and functions in base excision repair (BER). Its activity is crucial for DNA replication and drug resistance. Mitochondrial DNA is particularly prone to oxidative stress, and DNA Polymerase β is essential to maintain its stability. DNA Polymerase β overexpression has been linked to cancer, while low levels of this enzyme can lead to hypersensitivity to alkylating agents and apoptosis. The inhibition of DNA synthesis can be used as a therapeutic approach for diseases in which cell division or energetic needs are uncontrolled, such as cancer. Inhibitors such as gemcitabine have proved efficacious in the treatment of hematological and solid tumors (including breast cancer and ovarian cancer), particularly when combined with cisplatin. The use of cisplatin results in severe side effects, so the use of DNA inhibitors can also benefit patients' care by allowing lower doses of platinum drugs to be used. Further studies into DNA polymerase inhibitors will bring new therapy options to cancer patients.

Applications

- Screen molecules that inhibit polymerization activity of DNA Polymerase β in drug discovery and high throughput screening (HTS) applications.
- Determine compound IC_{50} .

Supplied Materials

Catalog #	Name	Amount	Storage
21000	DNA Polymerase β (POLB), His-Tag Recombinant*	>1 μ g	-80°C
	DR Substrate 3	36 μ l	-80°C
	dNTP Substrate Mix	20 μ l	-80°C
	10x DR Buffer 3A	1 ml	-20°C
	96-well black microplate	1	Room Temp

* The concentration of protein is lot-specific and will be indicated on the tube containing the protein.

Materials Required but Not Supplied

- AccuGreen™ High Sensitivity dsDNA Quantitation Kit (Biotium, #31066-T)
- Fluorescence Plate reader capable of measurement of $\lambda_{\text{ex}}502/\lambda_{\text{em}}530$ nm.

Stability

This assay kit contains DNA and will perform optimally for up to **6 months** from date of receipt when the materials are stored as directed.

Safety

This product is for research purposes only and not for human or therapeutic use. This product should be considered hazardous and is harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin, eyes, clothing, and if swallowed. If contact occurs, wash thoroughly.

Assay Protocol

- All samples and controls should be performed in duplicate.
 - The assay should include “Negative Control”, “Positive Control” and “Test Inhibitor” conditions.
 - If the assay plate is going to be used more than once, prepare enough reagents for this portion of the assay and aliquot the remaining undiluted reagents into single-use aliquots depending on how many times the assay plate will be used. Store the aliquots at -80°C or at -20°C as appropriate.
1. Prepare 1x Assay Buffer by diluting 10-fold **10x DR Buffer 3A** with distilled water.
 2. Add 15 μ l of 1x Assay Buffer to all wells except “Negative Control” wells.
 3. Add 25 μ l of 1x Assay Buffer to the “Negative Control” wells.
 4. Dilute 28-fold the **DR Substrate 3** with 1x Assay Buffer.
 5. Add 10 μ l of diluted DR Substrate 3 to all wells.
 6. Thaw **DNA Polymerase β** on ice. Briefly spin the tubes to recover the full content.

7. Dilute DNA Polymerase β to 0.5 ng/ μ l (10 μ l/well) with 1x Assay Buffer.

Note: Keep the diluted protein on ice until use. Discard any unused diluted protein after use.

8. Add 10 μ l of diluted DNA Polymerase β to all wells except “Negative Control”.
9. Prepare the Test Inhibitor (5 μ l/well): for a titration prepare serial dilutions at concentrations 10-fold higher than the desired final concentrations. The final volume of the reaction is 50 μ l.

9.1 If the Test Inhibitor is water-soluble, prepare 10-fold more concentrated serial dilutions of the inhibitor than the desired final concentrations using 1x Assay Buffer.

For the positive and negative controls, use 1x Assay Buffer (Diluent Solution).

9.2 If the Test inhibitor is soluble in DMSO, prepare the test inhibitor at a concentration 100-fold higher than the highest desired concentration in 100% DMSO, then dilute the inhibitor 10-fold in 1x Assay Buffer to prepare the highest concentration of the 10-fold intermediate dilutions. The concentration of DMSO is now 10%.

Using 1x Assay Buffer containing 10% DMSO to keep the concentration of DMSO constant, prepare serial dilutions of the Test Inhibitor at 10-fold the desired final concentrations.

For positive and negative controls, prepare 10% DMSO in 1x Assay Buffer (vol/vol) so that all wells contain the same amount of DMSO (Diluent Solution).

Note: The final concentration of DMSO should not exceed 1%.

10. Add 5 μ l of the inhibitor dilutions to each well designated “Test Inhibitor”.
11. Add 5 μ l of Diluent Solution to the “Positive Control” and “Negative Control” wells.
12. Preincubate the plate at Room Temperature (RT) for 30 minutes.
13. Dilute **dNTPs Substrate Mix** 50-fold in 1x Assay Buffer (10 μ l/well).
14. Add 10 μ l of diluted dNTPs Substrate Mix to all wells.
15. Incubate the plate at 37°C for 1 hour.
16. Add 50 μ l of 1x AccuGreen™ Dye to each well.
17. Read fluorescence intensity of the samples (lexcitation = 505 nm; lemission = 530 nm) in an appropriate microplate reader.

Component	Negative Control	Positive Control	Test Inhibitor
Diluted DNA Polymerase β (0.5 ng/ μ l)	-	10 μ l	10 μ l
Diluted DR Substrate 3 (1:28)	10 μ l	10 μ l	10 μ l
1x Assay Buffer	25 μ l	15 μ l	15 μ l
Test Inhibitor	-	-	5 μ l
Diluent Solution	5 μ l	5 μ l	-
Diluted dNTPs Substrate Mix (1:50)	10 μ l	10 μ l	10 μ l
Total	50 μl	50 μl	50 μl

Example Results

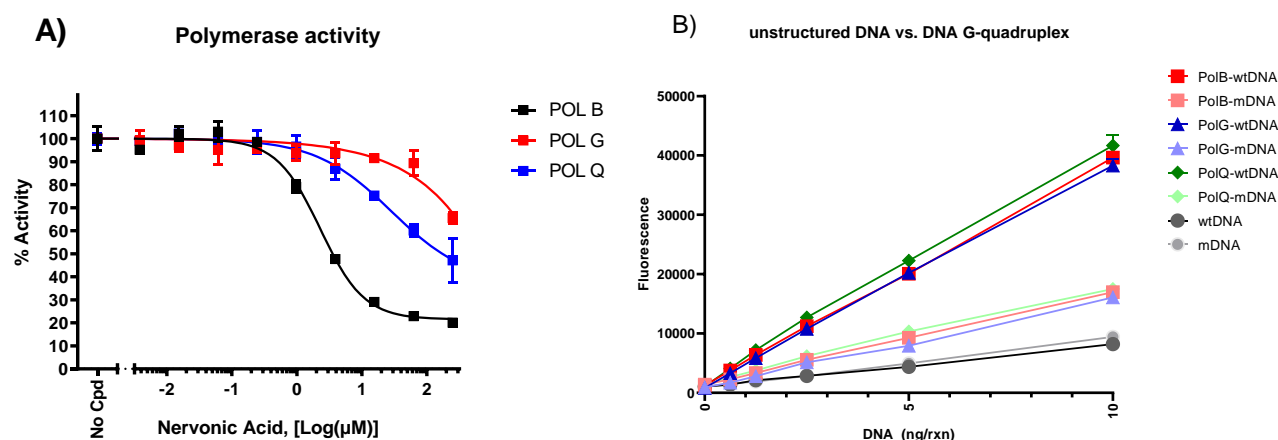


Figure 2. Inhibition of Pol β , γ and θ polymerase activity by nervonic acid and activity in the presence of G-quadruplex DNA variant.

The polymerization activity of several polymerases was measured in the presence of increasing concentrations of nervonic acid (Sigma-Aldrich #N1514) (A). Activity was also measured in the presence of DR Substrate 3 or its G-quadruplex variant (B).

Data shown is representative. For lot-specific information, please contact BPS Bioscience, Inc. at support@bpsbioscience.com

Troubleshooting Guide

Visit bpsbioscience.com/assay-kits-faq for detailed troubleshooting instructions. For all further questions, please email support@bpsbioscience.com

References

Berdis A., 2017, Front. Mol. Biosci. 4: <https://doi.org/10.3389/fmolb.2017.00078>

Related Products

Products	Catalog #	Size
DNA Polymerase γ (POLG), His-FLAG- Tag Recombinant	21001	100 μ g
DNA Polymerase γ Assay Kit	82098	96 reactions