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Description

PARG Knockout MCF7 Cell Line is an MCF7 breast cancer cell line in which human PARG (Poly ADP-ribose glycohydrolase) has been genetically removed using CRISPR/Cas9 genome editing.

This cell line has been validated by genomic sequencing and Western Blot.

Background

Poly (ADP-ribose) glycohydrolase (PARG) is a catabolic enzyme involved in the degradation of PARylated chains, releasing ADP-ribose and oligo (ADP-ribose) chains. PAR (poly-ADP ribosylation) homeostasis is regulated by the family of PAR polymerases (PARPs) and PARG in response to cellular stress conditions such as DNA damage response (DDR). PARG activity is linked to cellular responses in inflammation, ischemia, stroke, and cancer. PARG is overexpressed in breast cancer and associated with tumor growth and survival. Decrease in PARG activity can potentiate the effect of current cancer therapies, such as chemotherapy and radiation, making PARG inhibition with selective inhibitors a promising approach in cancer and immunotherapy.

Application

- Use as a negative control when testing PARG inhibitors in MCF7 cells.
- Cellular model for studies on the role of PARG.

Materials Provided

Components	Format
2 vials of frozen cells	Each vial contains $>1 \times 10^6$ cells in 1 ml of Cell Freezing Medium (BPS Bioscience #79796)

Parental Cell Line

MCF7 human breast mammary gland cell line. Adherent epithelial cells

Mycoplasma Testing

The cell line has been screened to confirm the absence of Mycoplasma species.

Materials Required but Not Supplied

These materials are not supplied with the cell line but are necessary for cell culture and cellular assays. BPS Bioscience's reagents are validated and optimized for use with this cell line and are highly recommended for best results. Media components are provided in the Media Formulations section below.

Media Required for Cell Culture

Name	Ordering Information
Thaw Medium 1	BPS Bioscience #60187
Insulin Solution from Bovine Pancreas	Sigma-Aldrich #I0516

Storage Conditions

Cells are shipped in dry ice and should immediately be thawed or stored in liquid nitrogen upon receipt. Do not use a -80°C freezer for long term storage. Contact technical support at support@bpsbioscience.com if the cells are not frozen in dry ice upon arrival.

Media Formulations

For best results, the use of validated and optimized media from BPS Bioscience is *highly recommended*. Other preparations or formulations of media may result in suboptimal performance.



Note: Thaw Media do *not* contain selective antibiotics.

Cells should be grown at 37°C with 5% CO₂. BPS Bioscience's cell lines are stable for at least 10 passages when grown under proper conditions.

Media Required for Cell Culture

Complete Thaw Medium 1:

Thaw Medium 1 (BPS Bioscience #60187) + 10 µg/ml Insulin (Sigma-Aldrich #I0516): MEM medium supplemented with 10% FBS, 1% Penicillin/Streptomycin, 1% Non-Essential amino acids, and 1 mM Na pyruvate.



Note: The final concentration of 10 µg/ml Insulin (Sigma-Aldrich #I0516) will need to be added to Thaw Medium 1 for cell culture.

Cell Thawing

1. Swirl the vial of frozen cells for approximately 60 seconds in a 37°C water bath. As soon as the cells are thawed (it may be slightly faster or slower than 60 seconds), quickly transfer the entire contents of the vial to a tube containing 10 ml of pre-warmed Thaw Medium 1.

Note: Leaving the cells in the water bath at 37°C for too long will result in rapid loss of viability.

2. Immediately spin down the cells at 300 x g for 5 minutes, remove the medium and resuspend the cells in 5 ml of pre-warmed Complete Thaw Medium 1.
3. Transfer the resuspended cells to a T25 flask or T75 flask and incubate at 37°C in a 5% CO₂ incubator.
4. After 24 hours of culture, check for cell attachment and viability. Change medium to fresh Complete Thaw Medium 1 and continue growing in a 5% CO₂ incubator at 37°C until the cells are ready to passage.
5. Replace media every 2-3 days until cells reach 90% confluency. At first passage and subsequent passages, use Complete Thaw Medium 1.

Cell Passage

1. Aspirate the medium, wash the cells with phosphate buffered saline (PBS) without Ca²⁺/Mg²⁺, and detach the cells from the culture vessel with 0.25% Trypsin/EDTA.
2. Once the cells have detached, add Complete Thaw Medium 1 and transfer to a tube.
3. Spin down cells at 300 x g for 5 minutes, remove the medium and resuspend the cells in Complete Thaw Medium 1.
4. Seed into new culture vessels at the recommended sub-cultivation ratio of 1:2 to 1:10 once or twice per week.

Cell Freezing

1. Aspirate the medium, wash the cells with PBS without $\text{Ca}^{2+}/\text{Mg}^{2+}$, and detach the cells from the culture vessel with 0.25% Trypsin/EDTA.
2. Once the cells have detached, add Complete Thaw Medium 1 and count the cells.
3. Spin down the cells at $300 \times g$ for 5 minutes, remove the medium and resuspend the cells in 4°C Cell Freezing Medium (BPS Bioscience #79796) at $\sim 2 \times 10^6$ cells/ml.
4. Dispense 1 ml of cell suspension into each cryogenic vial. Place the vials in an insulated container for slow cooling and store at -80°C overnight.
5. Transfer the vials to liquid nitrogen the next day for long term storage.



Note: It is recommended to expand the cells and freeze at least 10 vials at an early passage for future use.

Validation Data



Figure 1: Genomic sequencing of PARG in the PARG Knockout MCF7 Cell Line.

Genomic DNA from the PARG Knockout MCF7 cells was isolated and sequenced. The PAM (Protospacer Adjacent Motif) is shown in blue, the sgRNA (synthetic guide RNA) is shown in green, and the Indels (Insertions/Deletions) in the two PARG alleles are highlighted in red. The PARG genomic DNA is labeled as gDNA.

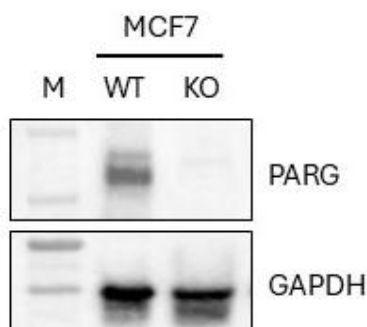


Figure 2: Expression of PARG in PARG Knockout MCF7 Cell Line analyzed by Western Blot. Parental MCF7 cells (WT) and PARG Knockout (KO) MCF7 cells lysates were run on a 4-20% SDS-PAGE gel and analyzed by Western Blot with PARG Polyclonal Antibody (Proteintech #27808-1-AP). GAPDH expression was detected using Purified anti-GAPDH Antibody (BioLegend #649202) as a control.

License Disclosure

Visit bpsbioscience.com/license for the label license and other key information about this product.

Troubleshooting Guide

Visit bpsbioscience.com/cell-line-faq for detailed troubleshooting instructions. For all further questions, please email support@bpsbioscience.com.

Notes

The CRISPR/CAS9 technology is covered under numerous patents, including U.S. Patent Nos. 8,697,359 and 8,771,945, as well as corresponding foreign patents applications, and patent rights.

References

Marques M., *et al.*, 2019 *Oncogene* 38 (12): 2177-2191.
 James D. I., *et al.*, 2016 *ACS Chem Biol* 11 (11): 3179-3190.
 Drown B. S., *et al.*, 2018 *Cell Chem Bio* 25 (12): 1562-1570.

Related Products

Products	Catalog #	Size
PARG Knockout HeLa Cell Line	82171	2 vials
PARG, His-Tag Recombinant	101726	10 µg
PARG Fluorogenic Assay Kit	78858	96 reactions/384 reactions
LysA™ Universal PARylation Assay Kit	82123	96 reactions
LysA™ Protease Inhibitor Cocktail Kit	82199	1 kit
ADP-Ribosylation Cycle Inhibitor Mix	82130	5 x 20 µl

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