

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

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Description

MSLN Knockout OVCAR3 Cell Line is an ovarian cancer OVCAR3 cell line in which human MSLN (Mesothelin) has been genetically removed using CRISPR/Cas9 genome editing with a lentivirus encoding and stably expressing the CRISPR/Cas9 gene and sgRNA (single guide RNA) targeting human MSLN.

Background

Mesothelin (MSLN) is a glycophosphatidylinositol (GPI) linked cell-surface protein that is produced as a ~70 kDa precursor protein and cleaved by Furin protease to generate the ~40 kDa mature form. MSLN is frequently overexpressed in mesothelioma, ovarian, pancreatic, and non-small cell lung cancers, while its expression in normal tissues is restricted to the mesothelial lining. MSLN is a tumor-associated antigen and has been an attractive target for targeted immunotherapy approaches, including drug-conjugated antibodies and chimeric antigen receptor T cells (CAR-T Cells).

The OVCAR3 cell line was isolated from a high-grade serous ovarian adenocarcinoma patient refractory to treatment with cisplatin. This cell line is highly tumorigenic and presents an abnormal karyotype. OVCAR3 cells are a widely model of ovarian cancer, particularly for drug resistance studies and hormonal therapy.

Application

- Study the impact of MSLN knockout.
- Use as a negative control for developing MSLN-directed CAR-T killing assays.

Materials Provided

Components	Format
2 vials of frozen cells	Each vial contains >1 x 10 ⁶ cells in 1 ml of Cell Freezing
	Medium (BPS Bioscience #79796)

Parental Cell Line

OVCAR3, ovarian adenocarcinoma cell line, adhering

Mycoplasma Testing

The cell line has been screened to confirm the absence of Mycoplasma species.

Materials Required but Not Supplied



These materials are not supplied with the cell line but are necessary for cell culture and cellular assays. BPS Bioscience's reagents are validated and optimized for use with this cell line and are highly recommended for best results. Media components are provided in the Media Formulations section below.

Media Required for Cell Culture

Name	Ordering Information
Thaw Medium 2	BPS Bioscience #60184

Storage Conditions





Cells are shipped in dry ice and should immediately be thawed or stored in liquid nitrogen upon receipt. Do not use a -80°C freezer for long term storage. Contact technical support at support@bpsbioscience.com if the cells are not frozen in dry ice upon arrival.

Media Formulations

For best results, the use of validated and optimized media from BPS Bioscience is *highly recommended*. Other preparations or formulations of media may result in suboptimal performance.



Note: Thaw Media do not contain selective antibiotics.

Cells should be grown at 37 °C with 5% CO₂. BPS Bioscience's cell lines are stable for at least 10 passages when grown under proper conditions.

Media Required for Cell Culture

Thaw Medium 2 (BPS Bioscience #60184)

RPMI-1640 medium (ATCC modification) supplemented with 10% FBS, 1% Penicillin/Streptomycin.

Note: Although the cells do not need to be grown in puromycin to maintain MSLN knockout, the cells are puromycin resistant.

Cell Thawing

1. Swirl the vial of frozen cells for approximately 60 seconds in a 37°C water bath. As soon as the cells are thawed (it may be slightly faster or slower than 60 seconds), quickly transfer the entire contents of the vial to a tube containing 10 ml of pre-warmed Thaw Medium 2.

Note: Leaving the cells in the water bath at 37°C for too long will result in rapid loss of viability.

- 2. Immediately spin down the cells at 300 *x g* for 5 minutes, remove the medium and resuspend the cells in 5 ml of pre-warmed Thaw Medium 2.
- 3. Transfer the resuspended cells to a T25 flask or T75 flask and incubate at 37°C in a 5% CO₂ incubator.
- 4. After 24 hours of culture, check for cell attachment and viability. Change medium to fresh Thaw Medium 2 and continue growing in a 5% CO₂ incubator at 37°C until the cells are ready to passage.
- 5. Replace media every 2-3 days until cells reach 90% confluency. At first passage and subsequent passages, use Thaw Medium 2.

Cell Passage

- 1. Aspirate the medium, wash the cells with phosphate buffered saline (PBS) without Ca²⁺/Mg²⁺, and detach the cells from the culture vessel with 0.25% Trypsin/EDTA.
- 2. Once the cells have detached, add Thaw Medium 2 and transfer to a tube.
- 3. Spin down cells at 300 x g for 5 minutes, remove the medium and resuspend the cells in Thaw Medium 2.



4. Seed into new culture vessels at the recommended sub-cultivation ratio of 1:2 to 1:10 once or twice per week.

Cell Freezing

- 1. Aspirate the medium, wash the cells with PBS without Ca²⁺/Mg²⁺, and detach the cells from the culture vessel with 0.25% Trypsin/EDTA.
- 2. Once the cells have detached, add Thaw Medium 2 and count the cells.
- 3. Spin down the cells at 300 x g for 5 minutes, remove the medium and resuspend the cells in 4°C Cell Freezing Medium (BPS Bioscience #79796) at ~2 x 10⁶ cells/ml.
- 4. Dispense 1 ml of cell suspension into each cryogenic vial. Place the vials in an insulated container for slow cooling and store at -80°C overnight.
- 5. Transfer the vials to liquid nitrogen the next day for long term storage.



Note: It is recommended to expand the cells and freeze at least 10 vials at an early passage for future use.

Validation Data

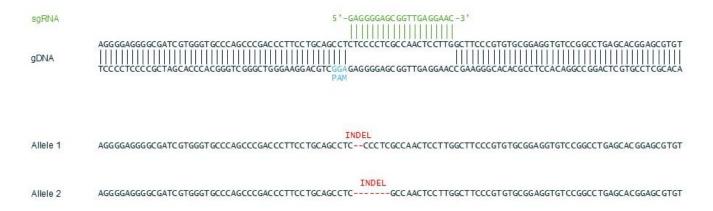


Figure 1: Genomic sequencing of MSLN in the MSLN Knockout OVCAR3 Cell Line. Genomic DNA from the MSLN Knockout OVCAR3 cells was isolated and sequenced. The PAM (Protospacer Adjacent Motif) is shown in blue, the sgRNA (synthetic guide RNA) is shown in green, and the Indels (Insertions/Deletions) in the two MSLN alleles are highlighted in red. The MSLN genomic DNA is labeled as gDNA.



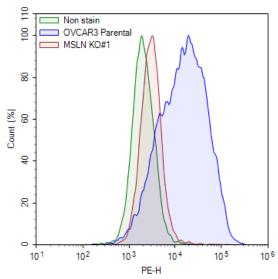


Figure 2. Expression of MSLN in the MSLN Knockout OVCAR3 Cell Line by flow cytometry. MSLN Knockout OVCAR3 cells (red) or parental OVCAR3 cells (blue) were stained with Human Mesothelin PE-conjugated Antibody (R&D Systems #FAB32652P) and analyzed by flow cytometry. Unstained parental OVCAR3 cells are shown in green. Y-axis is the % cell number. X-axis is the intensity of PE.

Data shown is representative.

License Disclosure

Visit bpsbioscience.com/license for the label license and other key information about this product.

Troubleshooting Guide

Visit bpsbioscience.com/cell-line-faq for detailed troubleshooting instructions. For lot-specific information and all other questions, please visit https://bpsbioscience.com/contact.

Notes

The CRISPR/CAS9 technology is covered under numerous patents, including U.S. Patent Nos. 8,697,359 and 8,771,945, as well as corresponding foreign patents applications, and patent rights.

Related Products

Products	Catalog #	Size
Human Mesothelin – CHO-K1 Recombinant Cell Line	78132	2 vials
Anti-Mesothelin CAR-T Cells	78729	1 vial
Anti-Mesothelin CAR Lentivirus (4 ScFv-CD8-4-1BB-CD3ζ)	78703	50 μΙ
Anti-Mesothelin-Anti-CD3 Bispecific Antibody Bispecific Mesothelin:CD3 Bridging Chemiluminescence	101621	50 μg/ 100 μg
ELISA Kit	82830	96 reactions

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