

# Produktinformation



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Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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# PRODUCT INFORMATION



### **Nelarabine**

Item No. 20248

CAS Registry No.: 121032-29-9

Formal Name: 9-B-D-arabinofuranosyl-6-

methoxy-9H-purin-2-amine

Synonyms: GW 506U78, Nelzarabine

MF:  $C_{11}H_{15}N_5O_5$ 297.3 FW: ≥98% **Purity:** 

UV/Vis.:  $\lambda_{\text{max}}$ : 211, 247, 281 nm Supplied as: A crystalline solid

Storage:

As supplied, 2 years from the QC date provided on the Certificate of Analysis, when Stability:

stored properly

#### **Laboratory Procedures**

Nelarabine is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the nelarabine in the solvent of choice. Nelarabine is soluble in organic solvents such as DMSO and dimethyl formamide (DMF), which should be purged with an inert gas. The solubility of nelarabine in these solvents is approximately 10 and 3 mg/ml, respectively.

Nelarabine is sparingly soluble in aqueous buffers. For maximum solubility in aqueous buffers, nelarabine should first be dissolved in DMSO and then diluted with the aqueous buffer of choice. Nelarabine has a solubility of approximately 0.5 mg/ml in a 1:1 solution of DMSO:PBS (pH 7.2) using this method. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

#### Description

Nelarabine is a purine nucleoside analog that is used as a cytotoxic agent in hematological malignancies.<sup>1</sup> Nelarabine is converted into arabinosyl-guanine (ara-G) in the blood, and ara-G is selectively accumulated in T cells and malignant T-lymphoid cells, where it is phosphorylated to produce ara-GTP and incorporated into DNA.<sup>2,3</sup> This leads to DNA breaks, increased expression of Fas ligand, and apoptosis.<sup>1,3</sup> Ara-G is accumulated most effectively by acute lymphoid leukemia and chronic myeloid leukemia blasts.<sup>1</sup>

#### References

- 1. Robak, T., Korycka, A., Lech-Maranda, E., et al. Current status of older and new purine nucleoside analogues in the treatment of lymphoproliferative diseases. Molecules 14(3), 1183-1226 (2009).
- Rodriguez, C.O., Jr., Mitchell, B.S., Ayres, M., et al. Arabinosylguanine is phosphorylated by both cytoplasmic deoxycytidine kinase and mitochondrial deoxyguanosine kinase. Cancer Res. 62(11), 3100-3105 (2002).
- 3. Rodriguez, C.O., Jr., Stellrecht, C.M., and Gandhi, V. Mechanisms for T-cell selective cytotoxicity of arabinosylguanine. Blood 102(5), 1842-1848 (2003).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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