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Produktinformation



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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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Lieferung & Zahlungsart

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Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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PRODUCT INFORMATION



CdnP (*Mycobacterium tuberculosis* strain ATCC 25618/H37Rv recombinant)

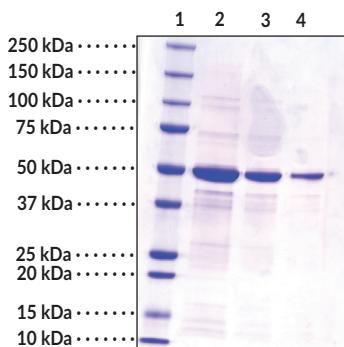
Item No. 22809

Overview and Properties

Synonyms:	Bifunctional Oligoribonuclease and PAP Phosphatase NrnA, 3'(2'),5'-Bisphosphate Nucleotidase, Cyclic di-NMP Phosphodiesterase, EC: 31.13.7, PAP Phosphatase, 3'-Phosphoadenosine 5'-phosphate Phosphatase, Rv2837c
Source:	N-terminal Trx-tagged, His-tagged, and S-tagged <i>M. tuberculosis</i> cyclic di-NMP phosphodiesterase protein (full length) purified from <i>E. coli</i>
Amino acids:	1-336 (full length)
Uniprot No.:	P71615
Molecular Weight:	52.71 kDa (includes purification tag)
Storage:	-80°C (as supplied); avoid freeze/thaw cycles by storing protein in aliquots
Stability:	≥1 year
Purity:	batch specific (≥70% estimated by SDS-PAGE)
Supplied in:	50 mM HEPES, pH 8.0, containing 150 mM sodium chloride
Protein Concentration:	batch specific mg/ml

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Image



Lane 1: MW Markers
Lane 2: CdnP (5 μg)
Lane 3: CdnP (2 μg)
Lane 4: CdnP (1 μg)

Representative gel image shown; actual purity may vary between batches.

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFETY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

Buyer agrees to purchase the material subject to Cayman's Terms and Conditions. Complete Terms and Conditions including Warranty and Limitation of Liability information can be found on our website.

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PRODUCT INFORMATION



Description

Cyclic di-nucleotide phosphodiesterase (CdnP, also known as Rv2837c) is a soluble, stand-alone phosphodiesterase in regulating cyclic dinucleotide signaling during intracellular infections of *M. tuberculosis*.¹ Studies have found that CdnP is capable of hydrolyzing cyclic di-adenosine monophosphate (c-di-AMP; Item No. 17753) into two AMPs as a strategy to avoid activation of the innate immune response of the host. *M. tuberculosis* infection leads to cytosolic release of c-di-AMP, which is recognized by stimulator of interferon genes (STING) and subsequently triggers type I interferon response.² Other studies have shown that deletion or inhibition of CdnP attenuates the *M. tuberculosis* virulence both *in vitro* and *in vivo*.^{3,4}

References

1. He, Q., Wang, F., Liu, S., et al. Structural and biochemical insight into the mechanism of Rv2837c from *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* as a c-di-NMP phosphodiesterase. *J. Biol. Chem.* **291**(27), 14386-14387 (2016).
2. Dey, B., Dey, R.J., Cheung, L.S., et al. A bacterial cyclic dinucleotide activates the cytosolic surveillance pathway and mediates innate resistance to tuberculosis. *Nat. Med.* **21**(4), 401-406 (2015).
3. Yang, J., Bai, Y., Zhang, Y., et al. Deletion of the cyclic di-AMP phosphodiesterase gene (cnpB) in *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* leads to reduced virulence in a mouse model of infection. *Mol. Microbiol.* **93**(1), 65-79 (2014).
4. Dey, R.J., Dey, B., Zheng, Y., et al. Inhibition of innate immune cytosolic surveillance by an *M. tuberculosis* phosphodiesterase. *Nat. Chem. Biol.* **13**(2), 210-217 (2017).