

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien
Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial
Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik
Laborgeräte & Service

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SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0 F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7 <u>mail@szabo-scandic.com</u> www.szabo-scandic.com

PRODUCT INFORMATION



DPTIP (hydrochloride)

Item No. 41681

CAS Registry No.: Formal Name:	2361799-64-4 2,6-dimethoxy-4-[4-phenyl-5-(2- thienyl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]-phenol, monohydrochloride	
MF:	$C_{21}H_{18}N_2O_3S \bullet HCI$	
FW:	414.9	HO • HCI
Purity:	≥95%	-
Supplied as:	A solid	Ó
Storage:	-20°C	`
Stability:	≥4 years	

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures

DPTIP (hydrochloride) is supplied as a solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the DPTIP (hydrochloride) in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. DPTIP (hydrochloride) is sparingly soluble (1-10 mg/ml) in DMSO and slightly soluble (0.1-1 mg/ml) in acetonitrile.

Description

DPTIP is an inhibitor of neutral sphingomyelinase 2 (nSMase2; $IC_{50} = 30 \text{ nM}$).¹ It is selective for nSMase2 over alkaline phosphatase (ALP) and acid sphingomyelinase (IC_{50} s = >100 μ M for both). DPTIP reduces viral yield in Vero and HeLa cells infected with West Nile virus (EC_{50} s = 0.26 and 2.81 μ M, respectively) or Zika virus (EC₅₀s = 1.56 and 1.84 μ M, respectively).² It inhibits the secretion of extracellular vesicles from primary mouse astrocytes activated by FBS withdrawal in a concentration-dependent manner and prevents serum deprivation-induced astrocyte activation in primary rat astrocytes when used at a concentration of 10 μ M.¹ DPTIP (10 mg/kg) reduces IL-1β-induced extracellular vesicle release from astrocytes and decreases neutrophil infiltration to the brain in a model of inflammation-induced brain injury using GFAP-GFP mice. It reduces hepatic levels of chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 2 (Ccl2), Tnf- α , II-6, and II-1 β in the same model.

References

- 1. Rojas, C., Barnaeva, E., Thomas, A.G., et al. DPTIP, a newly identified potent brain penetrant neutral sphingomyelinase 2 inhibitor, regulates astrocyte-peripheral immune communication following brain inflammation. Sci. Rep. 8, 17715 (2018).
- 2. Álvarez-Fernández, H., Mingo-Casas, P., Blázquez, A.B., et al. Allosteric inhibition of neutral sphingomyelinase 2 (nSMase2) by DPTIP: From antiflaviviral activity to deciphering its binding site through in silico studies and experimental validation. Int. J. Mol. Sci. 23(22), 13935 (2022).

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFFTY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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1180 EAST ELLSWORTH RD ANN ARBOR, MI 48108 · USA PHONE: [800] 364-9897 [734] 971-3335 FAX: [734] 971-3640 CUSTSERV@CAYMANCHEM.COM WWW.CAYMANCHEM.COM