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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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Lieferung & Zahlungsart

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Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Open the "Analysis" window. Select the "Quantification" sheet and click on "cycling A (yellow)". Select from the menu "Dynamic Tube" and subsequently "Slope correct". Check the correct setting of the threshold in the space provided "CT calculation – Threshold".

Also in this case, you can print a report of the analysis by clicking on the "Report" window and selecting the file in the first "Quantification cycling A (green)" and then the file cycling A (yellow).

CFX96 Real Time PCR System

At the end of the PCR, select the "quantitation" sheet. On the top of the screen, select "settings" from the menu and choose "Baseline Threshold...".

You can export the report pushing the paper block figure on the top of the screen.

LightCycler 480

When the run is completed select analysis and choose the correct kind of analysis you want: "Abs Quant/Fit Points". Choose the samples subset you want to analyze. Select the "NoiseBand" sheet, under the plot you can choose "NoiseBand (Fluoresc.)"; and move the line of the NoiseBand on the plot with the mouse of your PC. Repeat this action for each fluorophore using the "Filter comb" button. Clicking the sheet "Analysis" you can set the threshold choosing the option "Threshold(manual)".

After setting parameters push the "Calculate" button. Repeat this action for each fluorophore

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

Through Real Time PCR reaction, it is possible to give the DNA quantification of HSV1 DNA, with the correct settings of positive controls values, that compose the calibration curve. This setting must consider all the dilutions and the passages that the sample has to be undergone during extraction and amplification steps.

The system can take over from 100.000.000 to about 10 copies of DNA a reaction.

The Ct values obtained from the amplification of 4 controls of known titre are used by the software for the calculation of the calibration curve from which the unknown samples are interpolated.

A proper functioning of the amplification mix can be verified analyzing these parameters:

Parameter	Ref
RTS conc. 10 ⁶ copies/µl (FAM)	Ct ≤ 25
Correlation Coefficient	0.990 ≤ r ² ≤ 1
Slope	-3,6 ≤ Slope ≤ -3,2
PCR efficiency	90 ≤ efficiency ≤ 100

If the RTS amplification reaction at a concentration of 10⁵ copies produces a Ct > 25 or undetermined the session can't be considered valid and must be repeated.

Verify that the correlation coefficient value (r²), the slope or the reaction efficiency fit to the limited indicated in the above table or do not deviate much from them, which represent the ideal range for a proper PCR reaction.

By correctly setting the standards concentration as a function of the extraction system you can get the quantization of the sample directly in copies / ml:

	Manual Extr. Ref. 51304/51305 (QIAGEN)	Automatic Extr. Ref. 62724 (QIAGEN)	Alternative extract
RTS 1	25.000.000 copies	30.000.000 copies	500.000 copies
RTS 2	2.500.000 copies	3.000.000 copies	50.000 copies
RTS 3	250.000 copies	300.000 copies	5.000 copies
RTS 4	25.000 copies	30.000 copies	500 copies

When alternative systems are used sample concentration expressed in copies/ml will be obtained using the formula:

$$copie / ml = \frac{1000}{Ve} \times \frac{Ev}{Ea} \times C_{reaz}$$

where:

- **Ve**: extracted sample Volume expressed in µl
- **Ev**: eluted sample Volume during extraction step expressed in µl
- **Ea**: extracted sample volume used for amplification expressed in µl
- **C_{reaz}**: copies provided by the instrument.

As with any diagnostic device, the results obtained with this product must be interpreted taking in consideration all the clinical data and the other laboratory tests done on the patient.

As with any diagnostic device, with this product there is a residual risk of obtaining invalid, false positives or false negatives results.

The use of positive and negative controls in each amplification session allow to verify the correct functioning of the amplification mix and the absence of any contamination.

In the amplification reaction of each sample, the Ct values for the internal control (β-globine) specific probe are used to validate the analysis session, from extraction process until detection step.

A good extraction performances presents internal control (β-globin) threshold cycle between 22 and 25.

Be sure that emitted fluorescence from internal control amplification has not a Ct > 28 or undetermined. If a sample shows an undetermined HSV1 DNA and an internal control Ct >28, this means that there have been problems in the extraction stage or in the amplification stage; therefore the sample could be a false negative.

Repeat the sample.

It can be considered valid the samples with a Ct > 28 for the internal control, and a high concentration of HSV1 DNA. In this case, the

competitive nature of PCR reaction can hide or disadvantage the internal control amplification.

Detector FAM	Detector VIC/Hex	PCR Run	Sample
Ct undetermined	Ct > 28 or undetermined	Not Valid	repeat
Ct undetermined	Ct < 28	Valid	Negative
High Ct	Ct < 28	Valid	Positive
Low Ct	Ct > 28 or undetermined	Valid	HighPositive

PERFORMANCES

Analytical sensitivity:

It is considered as analytical sensitivity the highest dilution (titre) to which a positive sample can be diluted without the system losing the ability to detect with a positivity rate of ≥ 95%. The analytical sensitivity of the system was assessed by analyzing plasmid DNA, quantified by spectrophotometric analysis, containing the genomic regions of interest (glycoprotein B-gene) of the protozoan in serial dilutions.

The analytical sensitivity of **quanty HSV1** is determined by Probit analysis.

	Copies/ul	95% confidence interval
PROBIT ANALYSIS	1,63 cps/ul	Inf. 0,680 cps/ul Sup. 13,835 cps/ul

Clinical sensitivity:

It is considered as clinical sensitivity the ability to detect true positive samples in the totality of the samples screened as positive. The analysis was made on HSV1 positive samples and the test was performed following the method recommendations. Positive samples were confirmed with an other CE approved method available on the market.

Obtained results show a clinical sensitivity of 100%.

Traceability versus NIBSC controls material

The used standard (NIBSC code 08/224-xxx, CE Marked Material Human Herpes Virus 1 for NAT) to control the NIBSC does not associate a quantity. Verification is purely for assay specificity and cross-contamination between HSV1 and HSV2..

QIAmp DNA mini kit. (QIAGEN)

MANUALE EXTRACTION	HSV1	HSV-2
7500 Fast	Positive	Negative
Versant kPCR o Stratagene	Positive	Negative
Rotorgene-Q	Positive	Negative
CFX 96	Positive	Negative
Light Cycler	Positive	Negative

QCMD 2015 Herpes Simplex Virus (DNA) Programme EQA Panel Challenge 1

Herpes Simplex Virus was checked versus QCMD 2015 Herpes Simplex Virus (DNA) Programme EQA Panel Challenge 1

QCMD 2015 Herpes Simplex Virus (DNA) Programme EQA Panel Challenge 2

Herpes Simplex Virus was checked versus QCMD 2015 Herpes Simplex Virus (DNA) Programme EQA Panel Challenge 2

Linearity/Proportionality

System linearity is valued analyzing plasmidic DNA (pTZ-HSV1-RT), quantified by spectrophotometric analysis, containing the genomic regions of interest (glycoprotein B-gene) of the virus in serial dilutions (1:10) from 100.000.000 copies to 10 copies of DNA in 5µl of extracted material added in the amplification reaction.

The evaluation is performed analyzing 10 calibration curves, that showed these parameters:

RTS conc. 10 ⁶ copie (FAM)	Ct ≤ 25	Medium Ct 22,44
Correlation Coefficient	0.990 ≤ r ² ≤ 1	Medium r ² 0,999
Slope	-3,6 ≤ Slope ≤ -3,2	Medium slope -3,540
PCR efficiency	90 ≤ Effizienz ≤ 100	Medium Eff 92%

Reproducibility and Repeatability:

The reproducibility and repeatability of the system are valued analyzing 3 dilutions of plasmidic DNA containing the gB-gene of interest for HSV1 quantified by spectrophotometric analysis (pTZ-HSV1-RT) and 1 negative control (negative DNA). For each session 5 replicates are made for 3 different sessions, made by different workers, with 3 different lots.

Hypothetical value	Lot	N° repetitions	Med. Reveal. Conc.	Inaccuracy %
100.000 copie	L0	60	533375	7%
100.000 copie	L1	60	542610	9%
100.000 copie	L2	60	495965	5%
1.000 copie	L0	60	4867	9%
1.000 copie	L1	60	5154	13%
1.000 copie	L2	60	4597	8%
10 copie	L0	60	46	13%
10 copie	L1	60	53	7%
10 copie	L2	60	46	18%

The medium inaccuracy % is 10%.

Diagnostic Specificity:

For the purposes of this evaluation is considered as diagnostic specificity the skill of the method of determining real negative samples. The diagnostic specificity of the system is valued analyzing human genomic samples tested and confirmed as negative with another disposable system.

Obtained results show a diagnostic specificity of 100%.

Analytical Specificity:

Test's specificity was guaranteed by the use of specific primers for HSV1. The alignment of the choose regions for specific primers

hybridization for HSV1 with available sequences of the gB-gene present in database, demonstrated: their conservation, the absence of significative mutations and the complete specificity for the analyzed target.

Cross-Reactivity:

To check the cross-reactivity of the assay, samples tested as positive for other parasites were analyzed following the method instructions.

Positive sample	7500 Fast	KVersant MX3005P	Rotorg-Q	CFX96	Light Cycler
CMV	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie
VZV	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie
EBV	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie
HHV-6	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie
HHV-8	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie
HSV-2	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie	<10copie

INTERFERENCES

Verify that in the DNA extracted from the sample there is no contamination from mucoproteins and haemoglobin, to exclude possible inhibition of PCR reaction. The interference due to contaminants can be detected through a spectrophotometric analysis, verifying the ratio between the absorbance readings at 260 nm (maximum absorption of Nucleic Acids) and 280 nm (maximum absorption of Proteins). A pure DNA should have a ratio of approximately 1.8.

QUALITY CONTROL

It is recommended to include in each analytical run, as quality control of every extraction, amplification and detection step, an already tested negative and positive sample, or a reference material with known concentration

In accordance with the Clonit srl ISO EN 13485 Certified quality Management System, each lot of quanty HSV1 is tested against predetermined specification to ensure consistent product quality.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

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S Sugita, N Shimizu, K Watanabe, M Mizukami, T Morio,3 Y Sugamoto, M Mochizuki1. "Use of multiplex PCR and real-time PCR to detect human herpes virus genome in ocular fluids of patients with uveitis". Br J Ophthalmol 2008;92:928–932.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

For any question and support please contact our Technical support:

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	In vitro diagnostic device
	Read the instruction's manual
	Range of temperature
	Use within (dd/mm/yyyy: year-month)
	Lot (xxxx)
	Code
	Manufacturer
	Contains sufficient for <n> tests

EDMA code: 15040340

CND: W0105040311

The **quanty HSV1** kit is CE marked diagnostic kit according to the European *in vitro* diagnostic directive 98/79/CE.



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for *in vitro* diagnostic use

