

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien
Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial
Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik
Laborgeräte & Service

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Lieferung & Zahlungsart siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

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Go6976

Cat. No.:	HY-10183				
CAS No.:	136194-77-9)			
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₄ H ₁₈ N ₄ O				
Molecular Weight:	378.43				
Target:	PKC; Influenza Virus				
Pathway:	Epigenetics; TGF-beta/Smad; Anti-infection				
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years		
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months		
		-20°C	1 month		

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

		Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg		
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.6425 mL	13.2125 mL	26.4250 mL		
		5 mM	0.5285 mL	2.6425 mL	5.2850 mL		
		10 mM	0.2642 mL	1.3212 mL	2.6425 mL		
n Vivo		olubility information to select the ap					
		one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil mg/mL (8.59 mM); Clear solution					
	t one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline ng/mL (3.67 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic						
		t one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) ng/mL (3.67 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic					

BIOLOGICAL ACTIV	
Description	Go6976 is a Protein Kinase C (PKC) inhibitor, with an IC $_{50}$ of 20 nM.
IC ₅₀ & Target	IC50: 20 nM (PKC) ^[1] .
In Vitro	Go6976 is a potent inhibitor of PKC in vitro (IC ₅₀ is 20 nM. This compound is structurally related to staurosporine, which is the most potent PKC inhibitor ^[1] . UCN-01 is originally identified as a PKC inhibitor. Surprisingly, Go6976 is found to abrogate S and G ₂ arrest. Dose-response studies reveal that 30 nM Go6976 is sufficient to cause abrogation of S-phase arrest in 6 h and abrogation of G ₂ arrest followed by lethal mitosis in 24 h. Incubation of cells with 100 nM Go6976 is sufficient to cause

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complete abrogation of S and G_2 arrest at 6 and 24 h, respectively, which is only slightly less potent than in bovine serum. Incubation of cells with UCN-01 or Go6976 alone do not decrease viability compared with control at the concentrations used. Incubation of cells with 5 ng/mL SN38 result in cytostasis, and addition of 50 nM UCN-01 or 100 nM Go6976 to arrested MDA-MB-231 cells cause a dramatic decrease in viable cell number by 96 $h^{[2]}$.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Cell Assay^[2]

Logarithmically growing cells are incubated with or without 5 ng/mL SN38 for 24 h and then incubated with or without 50 nM UCN-01 or 100 nM Go6976 for the following 24 h. MDA-MB-231 (500 cells) or MCF-10A (1000 cells) are plated in 100 μ L in each well of a 96-well plate. The following day, drugs are added at the desired concentrations (Go6976: 1, 3, 10, 30, 100 nM) and with the required schedule to replicate wells (a minimum of 4 wells/concentration). Drugs are removed, and plates are rinsed and then incubated for an additional 6 days. Inhibition of growth was then assessed on the basis of DNA content. Briefly, the media are removed, and attached cells are washed in 0.25×PBS, followed by the addition of 100 μ L of H₂O. Cells are lysed by freeze/thawing the plates. Hoechst 33258 is added in high-salt buffer, cells are incubated for 2 h, and fluorescence is measured^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Life Sci. 2023 Jun 30;121903.
- J Cell Mol Med. 2019 Apr;23(4):2731-2743.
- Cardiovasc Drugs Ther. 2021 Jul 28.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Qatsha KA, et al. Gö 6976, a selective inhibitor of protein kinase C, is a potent antagonist of human immunodeficiency virus 1 induction from latent/low-level-producing reservoir cells in vitro. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1993 May 15;90(10):4674-8.

[2]. Hayamitsu Adachi, et al. Microbial metabolites and derivatives targeted at inflammation and bone diseases therapy: chemistry, biological activity and pharmacology. The Journal of Antibiotics volume 71, pages 60–71 (2018).

[3]. Mahmoudian S, et al. Influenza A virus proteins PB1 and NS1 are subject to functionally important phosphorylation by protein kinase C. J Gen Virol. 2009;90(Pt 6):1392-1397.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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