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- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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## Fluzoparib

Cat. No.: HY-114778

CAS No.: 1358715-18-0

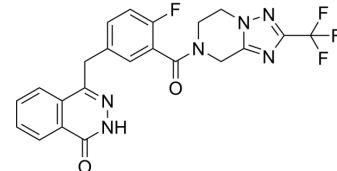
Molecular Formula: C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>16</sub>F<sub>4</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

Molecular Weight: 472.4

Target: PARP

Pathway: Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Epigenetics

Storage: Powder    -20°C    3 years  
                         4°C    2 years  
                         In solvent    -80°C    6 months  
                         -20°C    1 month



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : 33.33 mg/mL (70.55 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent	Concentration	Mass		
			1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
		1 mM	2.1169 mL	10.5843 mL	21.1685 mL
		5 mM	0.4234 mL	2.1169 mL	4.2337 mL
		10 mM	0.2117 mL	1.0584 mL	2.1169 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

#### In Vivo

1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline  
    Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.40 mM); Clear solution

2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil  
    Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.40 mM); Clear solution

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

Fluzoparib (SHR3162) is a potent and orally active PARP1 inhibitor ( $IC_{50}=1.46\pm0.72$  nM, a cell-free enzymatic assay) with superior antitumor activity. Fluzoparib selectively inhibits the proliferation of homologous recombination repair (HR)⁻ deficient cells, and sensitizes both HR⁻deficient and HR⁺proficient cells to cytotoxic agents. Fluzoparib exhibits good pharmacokinetic properties in vivo and can be used for BRCA1/2-mutant relapsed ovarian cancer research<sup>[1]</sup>.

#### IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

PARP-1  
    1.46±0.72 nM ( $IC_{50}$ )

#### In Vitro

Fluzoparib (30?μM; 24 hour) increases the levels of γH2AX in a concentration-dependent manner in both?BRCA2⁻deficient V?C8 cells and?BRCA1⁻deficient MDA-MB-436 cells, but not in?BRCA⁺proficient V?C8#13?5 cells<sup>[1]</sup>.

Fluzoparib (10? $\mu$ M; 24 hour) increases levels of both pCDK1 and cyclin B, indicating activation of the G2/M checkpoint in MDA MB#436 cells<sup>[1]</sup>.

Fluzoparib (10? $\mu$ M; 72 hour) increases the processing of caspase#3, #8, and #9 concentration#dependently, it induces G2/M arrest and apoptosis in HR#deficient?MDA#MB#436 cells?cells<sup>[1]</sup>.

Fluzoparib is preferentially efficacious against HR#deficient cells, such as BRCA1#deficient (UWB1.289), MDA#MB#436, BRCA2#deficient (V#C8), BRCA1#deficientBRCA2#mutated (MX#1) and BRCA1?hypermethylated (OVCAR#8) cells with IC<sub>50</sub> values of 0.51? $\mu$ M, 1.57? $\mu$ M, 0.053? $\mu$ M, 1.57? $\mu$ M, and 1.43? $\mu$ M, respectively. The IC<sub>50</sub> values for HR#proficient cells (V#C8#13 #5 and UWB1.289 BRCA1) are both >10? $\mu$ M<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### In Vivo

Fluzoparib (oral gavage; 0.3, 1, or 3?mg/kg; single dose) exhibits a good pharmacokinetic profile in Female Balb/cA nude mice (5#6 weeks old) mice bearing MDA#MB#436. After a single oral dose, fluzoparib is rapidly absorbed and rapidly cleared from blood at all dose levels; plasma concentrations of fluzoparib quickly reaches maximum within 2?hours. In contrast, concentrations of fluzoparib in tumor remains at high levels even at 24?hours after dosing (57.9?ng/g , 39.3 ng/g, and 85.6?ng/g for doses of 0.3, 1, and 3?mg/kg, respectively)<sup>[1]</sup>.

Fluzoparib (oral gavage; 30 mg/kg; 21 days) apparently inhibits the growth of tumor with an inhibition rate of 59% (day 21) at 30?mg/kg, and it does not cause significant loss of body weight in Nude mice bearing?MDA#MB#436 ?(BRCA1#deficient)?model<sup>[1]</sup>.

Fluzoparib (3mg/kg) combines with Cisplatin, Paclitaxel, or Apatinib (oral gavage; BID; 21 days) causes growth inhibition with rates of 61.4%, 55.3%, and 72.8%, respectively.

Fluzoparib, Cisplatin, and Apatinib combination or Fluzoparib, Paclitaxel, and Apatinib combination can cause growth inhibition with rates of 84.9% and 75.6% (day 21), respectively in vivo.

The 2#drug combination of Fluzoparib with cisplatin and The 3#drug Fluzoparib, Cisplatin, and Apatinib combination lead to loss of body weight, whereas no apparent toxicity was observed in other combinations<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Molecules. 2022, 27(19), 6219.

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#### REFERENCES

[1]. Lei Wang, et al. Pharmacologic characterization of fluzoparib, a novel poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase inhibitor undergoing clinical trials. Cancer Sci. 2019 Mar;110(3):1064-1075.

[2]. Huiping Li, et al. Phase I dose-escalation and expansion study of PARP inhibitor, fluzoparib (SHR3162), in patients with advanced solid tumors. Chin J Cancer Res. 2020 Jun;32(3):370-382.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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