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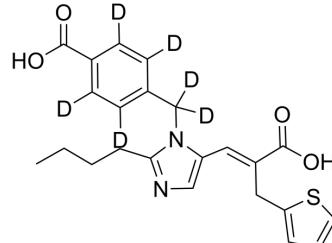
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## Eprosartan-d<sub>6</sub>

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-117743S1
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>18</sub> D <sub>6</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> S
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	430.55
<b>Target:</b>	Angiotensin Receptor; Isotope-Labeled Compounds
<b>Pathway:</b>	GPCR/G Protein; Others
<b>Storage:</b>	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Eprosartan-d <sub>6</sub> is deuterated labeled Eprosartan (HY-117743). Eprosartan (SKF-108566J free base) is a selective, competitive, nonpeptid and orally active angiotensin II receptor antagonist, used as an antihypertensive. Eprosartan binds angiotensin II receptor with IC <sub>50</sub> s of 9.2 nM and 3.9 nM in rat and human adrenal cortical membranes, respectively <sup>[1]</sup> .
In Vitro	<p>Stable heavy isotopes of hydrogen, carbon, and other elements have been incorporated into drug molecules, largely as tracers for quantitation during the drug development process. Deuteration has gained attention because of its potential to affect the pharmacokinetic and metabolic profiles of drugs<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>Eprosartan (SKF-108566J) inhibits [<sup>125</sup>I]All binding to human liver membranes (IC<sub>50</sub> of 1.7 nM) and to rat mesenteric artery membranes (IC<sub>50</sub> of 1.5 nM). In rabbit aortic smooth muscle cells, Eprosartan caused a concentration-dependent inhibition of All-induced increases in intracellular Ca<sup>2+</sup> levels<sup>[2]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>
In Vivo	<p>In conscious normotensive rats, i.v. administration of Eprosartan (0.01-0.3 mg/kg) produced dose-dependent parallel shifts in the All pressor dose-response curve. Administration of Eprosartan (3-10 mg/kg) intraduodenally or intragastrically to conscious normotensive rats resulted in a dose-dependent inhibition of the pressor response to All (250 ng/kg, i.v.). At 10 mg/kg, i.d., significant inhibition of the pressor response to All was observed for 3 hr<sup>[2]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>

### REFERENCES

- [1]. R M Edwards, et al. Pharmacological characterization of the nonpeptide angiotensin II receptor antagonist, SKF 108566. J Pharmacol Exp Ther. 1992 Jan;260(1):175-81.
- [2]. Russak EM, et al. Impact of Deuterium Substitution on the Pharmacokinetics of Pharmaceuticals. Ann Pharmacother. 2019 Feb;53(2):211-216.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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