

# Produktinformation



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# **Screening Libraries**

## CAY10404

Cat. No.: HY-121537 CAS No.: 340267-36-9 Molecular Formula:  $C_{17}H_{12}F_{3}NO_{3}S$ 367.34 Molecular Weight:

Target: COX; Akt; Apoptosis

Pathway: Immunology/Inflammation; PI3K/Akt/mTOR; Apoptosis

-20°C, stored under nitrogen Storage:

\* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (stored under nitrogen)

**Product** Data Sheet

#### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (272.23 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.7223 mL	13.6114 mL	27.2227 mL
	5 mM	0.5445 mL	2.7223 mL	5.4445 mL
	10 mM	0.2722 mL	1.3611 mL	2.7223 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (6.81 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (6.81 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.81 mM); Clear solution

#### **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description CAY10404 is a potent and selective cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with an IC $_{50}$  of 1 nM and a selectivity index (SI; COX-1) inhibitor with a selectivity with a selectivity with a selectivity wi IC<sub>50</sub>/COX-2 IC<sub>50</sub>) of >500000. CAY10404 is a potent PKB/Akt and MAPK signaling pathways inhibitor and induces apoptosis in non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) cells. CAY10404, a diarylisoxazole, has good analgesic, anti-inflammatory, and anticancer activities<sup>[1][2][3]</sup>.

COX-2 IC<sub>50</sub> & Target COX-1

>500 μM (IC<sub>50</sub>) 1 nM (IC<sub>50</sub>)

In Vitro CAY10404 (compound 7) exhibits no inhibition of COX-1 (IC<sub>50</sub>>500  $\mu$ M)<sup>[1]</sup>. CAY10404 (10-100  $\mu$ M; for 3 days) inhibits the growth of NSCLC cell lines in a concentration-dependent manner and has an average 50% inhibitory concentration (IC<sub>50</sub>) of 60-100  $\mu$ M<sup>[3]</sup>.

CAY10404 (20-100  $\mu$ M; for 3 days) induces apoptosis in NSCLC cells<sup>[3]</sup>.

CAY10404 (80  $\mu$ M; for 3 days) induces a concentration-dependent decrease in the level of the anti-apoptotic proteins (Bcl-2 and Bcl-X<sub>L</sub>) and pAkt and pGSK-3 $\beta$ <sup>[3]</sup>.

CAY10404 (20, 50, 80, 100  $\mu$ M; for 14 days) compromises the ability of H460 cells to form colonies in anchorage-independent growth in a concentration-dependent manner<sup>[3]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

### Cell Viability Assay<sup>[3]</sup>

Cell Line:	Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) cells (H1703, H358, H460)	
Concentration:	10-100 μΜ	
Incubation Time:	For 3 days	
Result:	Inhibited the growth of NSCLC cell lines in a concentration-dependent manner.	
Apoptosis Analysis <sup>[3]</sup>		
Cell Line:	H460 cells	
Concentration:	20, 50, 100 μΜ	
Incubation Time:	For 3 days	
Result:	Induced apoptosis.	
Western Blot Analysis <sup>[3]</sup>		
Cell Line:	NSCLC cells (H358, H460)	
Concentration:	80 μM	
Incubation Time:	For 3 days	
Result:	Induced a concentration-dependent decrease in the level of the anti-apoptotic proteins (Bcl-2 and Bcl- $X_L$ ) and pAkt and pGSK-3 $\beta$ , without changing the level of the pro-apoptotic protein (Bax) and total Akt and GSK-3 $\beta$ protein levels.	

#### In Vivo

CAY10404 (50 mg/kg/day; ip; for 4 days) decreases lung inflammation in HTV mice and attenuates ventilator-induced lung injury<sup>[2]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Adult male C57Bl/6J mice weighing 24-30 g <sup>[2]</sup>	
Dosage:	50 mg/kg	
Administration:	IP; daily; for 4 days	
Result:	Attenuated cyclooxygenase activity, significantly decreasing BAL PGE2 and 6-keto PGF1α. Decreased lung inflammation in HTV mice (high tidal volume; 20 ml/kg; for 4 hours) and attenuates ventilator-induced lung injury.	

#### **REFERENCES**

1]. A G Habeeb, et al. Design and synthesis of 4,5-diphenyl-4-isoxazolines: novel inhibitors of cyclooxygenase-2 with analgesic and antiinflammatory activity. J Med Cher 001 Aug 30;44(18):2921-7.
2]. Joshua A Robertson, et al. The role of cyclooxygenase-2 in mechanical ventilation-induced lung injury. Am J Respir Cell Mol Biol. 2012 Sep;47(3):387-94.
3]. Yongseon Cho, et al. Effects of CAY10404 on the PKB/Akt and MAPK pathway and apoptosis in non-small cell lung cancer cells. Respirology. 2009 Aug;14(6):850-8.
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