

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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MCE MedChemExpress

Product Data Sheet

Prucalopride succinate

Cat. No.: HY-12694 CAS No.: 179474-85-2 Molecular Formula: $C_{22}H_{32}CIN_3O_7$

Molecular Weight: 485.96

Target: 5-HT Receptor; Apoptosis; Autophagy

Pathway: GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling; Apoptosis; Autophagy

Storage: 4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture

* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro DMSO: 50 mg/mL (102.89 mM; Need ultrasonic)

 $H_2O : \ge 20 \text{ mg/mL } (41.16 \text{ mM})$

* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.0578 mL	10.2889 mL	20.5778 mL
	5 mM	0.4116 mL	2.0578 mL	4.1156 mL
	10 mM	0.2058 mL	1.0289 mL	2.0578 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.14 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.14 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: \geq 2.5 mg/mL (5.14 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Prucalopride succinate is an orally active, selective and specific 5-HT 4 receptor agonist (high affinity), with pK_is of 8.6 and

8.1 for human 5-HT4a/4b receptors, respectively. Prucalopride succinate improves intestinal motility by promoting regeneration of the intestinal nervous system in rats. Prucalopride succinate also shows anticancer activity by blocking of the PI3K/AKT/mTor signaling pathway. Prucalopride succinate can be used in studies of chronic constipation, pseudo-

intestinal obstruction and cancer^{[1][2][3][4]}.

IC₅₀ & Target 5-HT_{4A} Receptor 5-HT_{4B} Receptor

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8.6 (pKi)	8.1 (pKi)
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In Vitro

Prucalopride succinate (10 μ M; 24, 48, 72 h) shows anti proliferative activity in A549 cells^[4].

Prucal opride succinate induces autophagy and apoptosis, decreases the expression of the phosphorylated protein kinase B (AKT) and mammalian target of rapamycin (mTor) in A549/A427 cells^[4].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Proliferation Assay

Cell Line:	A549 cells	
Concentration:	10 μΜ	
Incubation Time:	24, 48, 72 h	
Result:	Repressed lung cancer cells proliferation.	

In Vivo

 $Prucal opride \ succinate \ (5 \ mg/kg, \ s.c) \ increases \ ACh \ and \ histamine \ levels \ in \ the \ rat \ prefrontal \ cortex^{[2]}.$

Prucalopride succinate (5, $10 \mu g/kg$, p.o., single daily for 2 weeks) shortens the colonic transit time in DM model, promotes the regeneration of colonic neural stem cells and neurons^[3].

Prucal opride succinate (5, 10 μ g/kg, p.o, single daily for 2 weeks) promotes the differentiation of colonic neural stem cells, activates the expression of glial proteins and promotes the recovery of neuronal injury to a certain extent^[3].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Diabetes mellitus (DM) rat models ^[3]	
Dosage:	5 μg/kg, 10 μg/kg	
Administration:	Oral gavage, single daily for 2 weeks.	
Result:	Accelerated colonic movement and shortened the colonic transit time, and markedly increased the expression levels of Ki67 . Increased expression of SOX10 in the columnar epithelial nuclei and enteraden (when $\mu g/kg$), and in the columnar epithelial cells, the nuclei of lamina propria cells and enteraden (when at 10 $\mu g/kg$). Significantly increased Nestin expression, which concentrated in columnar epithelial cand the mesenchyme. (Nestin:a marker of enteric neural stem cells in the ENS).	

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Nature. 2023 Dec;624(7992):672-681.
- Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2021 Apr 6;556:16-22.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Wang Y, et al. Prucalopride might improve intestinal motility by promoting the regeneration of the enteric nervous system in diabetic rats. Int J Mol Med. 2022 Jul;50(1):87.

[2]. Chen M, et al. Prucalopride inhibits lung cancer cell proliferation, invasion, and migration through blocking of the PI3K/AKT/mTor signaling pathway. Hum Exp Toxicol. 2020 Feb;39(2):173-181.

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[3]. Briejer MR, et al. The in vitro pharmacological profile of prucalopride, a novel enterokinetic compound. Eur J Pharmacol. 2001 Jun 29;423(1):71-83.				
4]. Johnson DE, et al. The 5-hydroxytryptamine4 receptor agonists prucalopride and PRX-03140 increase acetylcholine and histamine levels in the rat prefrontal cortex and the power of stimulated hippocampal θ oscillations. J Pharmacol Exp Ther. 2012 Jun;341(3):681-91.				
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