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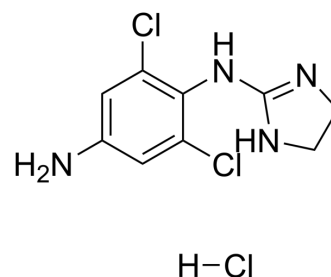
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Apraclonidine hydrochloride

Cat. No.:	HY-12720A
CAS No.:	73218-79-8
Molecular Formula:	C ₉ H ₁₁ Cl ₃ N ₄
Molecular Weight:	281.57
Target:	Adrenergic Receptor
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture
	* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 125 mg/mL (443.94 mM; Need ultrasonic)			
	H ₂ O : ≥ 12.5 mg/mL (44.39 mM)			
	* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.			
	Solvent Concentration Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	3.5515 mL	17.7576 mL	35.5151 mL
	5 mM	0.7103 mL	3.5515 mL	7.1030 mL
	10 mM	0.3552 mL	1.7758 mL	3.5515 mL
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.				
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (7.39 mM); Clear solution			
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (7.39 mM); Clear solution			

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Apraclonidine hydrochloride (ALO 2145), a selective α ₂ and weak α ₁ receptor agonist activity, effectively lowers intraocular pressure (IOP) in human eyes. Apraclonidine hydrochloride is a topical ophthalmic solution and has the ability to elevate the eye lid ^{[1][2]} .
IC ₅₀ & Target	α adrenergic receptor
In Vitro	Apraclonidine hydrochloride (ALO 2145) is more commonly used topically for glaucoma, as it penetrates the cornea and blood-brain barrier to a lesser extent and, thus, has fewer adverse systemic effects^[2]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

Apraclonidine hydrochloride (ALO 2145) is effective in animal models of elevated IOP as well as glaucoma in humans. The ocular hypotensive effects of Apraclonidine are usually attributed to reduced aqueous humor synthesis and vasoconstrictor actions at the anterior segment branches of the ophthalmic artery^[2]

.Apraclonidine (1.15%, single instillation) inhibits 98% of PGE2-induced aqueous flare elevation^[3]

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MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	male rabbits ^[3] .
Dosage:	1.15%
Administration:	Apraclonidine (1.15%, single instillation)
Result:	Inhibited PGE2-induced elevation of aqueous flare in pigmented rabbits.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Anal Chim Acta. 2023 Jul 31 341673.
- Anal Lett. 2022: 1-11.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Yoriko Hayasaka, et al. Effects of topical antiglaucoma eye drops on prostaglandin E(2)-induced aqueous flare elevation in pigmented rabbits. Invest Ophthalmol Vis Sci
- [2]. Wijemanne S, et al. Apraclonidine in the treatment of ptosis. J Neurol Sci. 2017;376:129-132.
- [3]. Searles RV, et al. Aqueous humor dynamics in anesthetized rats infused with intracameral apraclonidine. Pharmacology. 1999;58(4):220-226.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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