

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic in



IRAK inhibitor 1

Cat. No.: HY-13275 CAS No.: 1042224-63-4

Molecular Formula: $C_{17}H_{19}N_{5}$ Molecular Weight: 293.37 IRAK Target:

Pathway: Immunology/Inflammation

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

2 years -80°C In solvent 2 years

> -20°C 1 year

Product Data Sheet

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 16.67 mg/mL (56.82 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	3.4087 mL	17.0433 mL	34.0866 mL
	5 mM	0.6817 mL	3.4087 mL	6.8173 mL
	10 mM	0.3409 mL	1.7043 mL	3.4087 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 1.67 mg/mL (5.69 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 1.67 mg/mL (5.69 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 1.67 mg/mL (5.69 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	IRAK inhibitor 1 is a potent IRAK-4 inhibitor with IC $_{50}$ of 216 nM, is poorly active against JNK-1 and JNK-2 with IC $_{50}$ of 3.801 μ M, and >10 μ M, respectively.
IC ₅₀ & Target	IC50: 216 nM (IRAK-4). 3.801 µM (JNK-1). >10 µM (JNK-2) ^[1]

IRAK inhibitor 1 possesses significant potency in an IRAK-4 enzyme assay but is poorly active against JNK-1 and JNK-2^[1]. In Vitro IRAK-4 is a novel member of the IRAK family with unique functional properties. IRAK-4 is the closest human homolog to

Pelle. Endogenous IRAK-4 interacts with IRAK-1 and TRAF6 in an IL-1-dependent manner, and overexpression of IRAK-4 can activate NF-κB as well as mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase pathways. Most strikingly, and in contrast to the other IRAKs, IRAK-4 depends on its kinase activity to activate NF-κB. In addition, IRAK-4 is able to phosphorylate IRAK-1, and overexpression of dominant-negative IRAK-4 is blocking the IL-1-induced activation and modification of IRAK-1, suggesting a role of IRAK-4 as a central element in the early signal transduction of Toll/IL-1 receptors, upstream of IRAK-1. IRAK-4 shares the domain structure of the other IRAKs and it is able to activate similar signal transduction pathways, namely NF-κB and MAPK pathways. It rapidly and transiently associates with IRAK-1 and TRAF6 in an IL-1-dependent manner but it is not functionally redundant with IRAK-1. IRAK-4 is an active protein kinase and requires its kinase activity to activate NF-κB. IRAK-4 might act upstream of IRAK-1 as an IRAK-1 activator^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

[1]. Buckley GM, et al. IRAK-4 inhibitors. Part II: A structure-based assessment of imidazo[1,2-a] pyridine binding. Bioorg Med Chem Lett. 2008 Jun 1;18(11):3291-5.

[2]. Li S, et al. IRAK-4: a novel member of the IRAK family with the properties of an IRAK-kinase. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2002 Apr 16;99(8):5567-72.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

Page 2 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com