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Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
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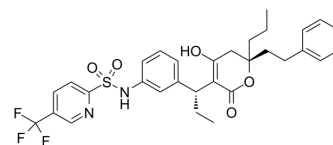
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Tipranavir

Cat. No.:	HY-15148
CAS No.:	174484-41-4
Molecular Formula:	C ₃₁ H ₃₃ F ₃ N ₂ O ₅ S
Molecular Weight:	602.66
Target:	HIV Protease; HIV; SARS-CoV
Pathway:	Anti-infection; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease
Storage:	<div> <div>Powder</div> <div>-20°C 3 years</div> <div>4°C 2 years</div> </div> <div> <div>In solvent</div> <div>-80°C 2 years</div> <div>-20°C 1 year</div> </div>



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 200 mg/mL (331.86 mM; Need ultrasonic)
 Ethanol : ≥ 50 mg/mL (82.97 mM)
 * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

	Solvent Concentration	Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM		1.6593 mL	8.2966 mL	16.5931 mL
	5 mM		0.3319 mL	1.6593 mL	3.3186 mL
	10 mM		0.1659 mL	0.8297 mL	1.6593 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: 5 mg/mL (8.30 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
Solubility: ≥ 5 mg/mL (8.30 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% EtOH >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (4.15 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% EtOH >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (4.15 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% EtOH >> 90% corn oil
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.15 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 5% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 50% saline
Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (4.15 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Tipranavir (PNU-140690) inhibits the enzymatic activity and dimerization of HIV-1 protease, exerts potent activity against multi-protease inhibitor (PI)-resistant HIV-1 isolates with IC ₅₀ s of 66-410 nM ^{[1][2]} . Tipranavir inhibits SARS-CoV-2 3CL ^{pro} activity ^[3] .
IC₅₀ & Target	IC ₅₀ : 66-410 nM (HIV-1 isolates) ^[1]
In Vitro	<p>Tipranavir (PNU-140690) inhibits the enzymatic activity of HIV-1 protease, blocks the dimerization of protease subunits, and exerts potent activity against a wide spectrum of wild-type and multi-PI-resistant HIV-1 variants. When a mixture of 11 multi-PI-resistant (but TPV-sensitive) clinical isolates (HIV_{11MIX}), which include HIV_B and HIV_C, is selected against Tipranavir, HIV_{11MIX} rapidly (by 10 passages [HIV_{11MIX}^{P10}]) acquires high-level Tipranavir (PNU-140690) resistance and replicates at high concentrations of Tipranavir (PNU-140690). cHIV_B^{I54V} and cHIV_B^{I54V/V82T} are significantly resistant to Tipranavir (PNU-140690), with IC₅₀s of 2.9 and 3.2 μM, respectively, which are 11- and 12-fold increases in comparison to the IC₅₀ against cHIV_B, respectively^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>
In Vivo	<p>Tipranavir (PNU-140690) is administered orally twice daily and must be given in combination with low-dose ritonavir (RTV) to boost Tipranavir bioavailability. In Tipranavir/r-cotreated mice, the Tipranavir (PNU-140690) abundance in the liver, spleen, and eyes is significantly higher than that in mice treated with Tipranavir alone. Tipranavir (PNU-140690) metabolites accounts for 31 and 38% in the serum and liver in the Tipranavir-alone group. In Tipranavir (PNU-140690) and Tipranavir (TPV/r)-cotreated mice, only 1 and 2% of metabolites are detected in the serum and liver. Sprague-Dawley rats are administered a single dose of [¹⁴C]Tipranavir (PNU-140690) with coadministration of RTV. The most abundant metabolite in feces is an oxidation metabolite. In urine, no single metabolite is found to be significantly present^[2].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>

PROTOCOL

Animal Administration ^[2]

Mice^[2]

All mice (2-4 months old) are maintained under a standard 12-h dark and 12-h light cycle with water and chow provided ad libitum. For metabolomic analysis, Tipranavir (PNU-140690) (40 mg/kg) is administered via ball-tipped gavage needles, and the mice are housed in separate metabolic cages for 18 h. Urine and feces samples are collected and stored at -20°C for further analysis. For tissue distribution and inhibition studies, three groups of mice are used and are orally treated with Tipranavir (100 mg/kg), RTV (40 mg/kg), and Tipranavir (PNU-140690) (100 mg/kg Tipranavir and 40 mg/kg RTV), respectively. Tissues including the liver, brain, lung, kidney, spleen, and eyes are collected 30 min after treatment and stored at -20°C for further analysis.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Signal Transduct Target Ther. 2021 May 29;6(1):212.
- Nat Commun. 2020 Sep 4;11(1):4417.
- Int J Antimicrob Agents. 2019 Dec;54(6):814-819.
- Talanta. 2018 May 1;181:182-189.
- Antimicrob Agents Chemother. 2020 Aug 20;64(9):e00872-20.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Aoki M, et al. Loss of the protease dimerization inhibition activity of tipranavir (TPV) and its association with the acquisition of resistance to TPV by HIV-1. J Virol. 2012 Dec;86(24):13384-96.

[2]. Li F, et al. Metabolism-mediated drug interactions associated with ritonavir-boosted tipranavir in mice. Drug Metab Dispos. 2010 May;38(5):871-8.

[3]. Qi Sun, et al. Bardoxolone and bardoxolone methyl, two Nrf2 activators in clinical trials, inhibit SARS-CoV-2 replication and its 3C-like protease. Signal Transduct Target Ther. 2021 May 29;6(1):212.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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