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Product Data Sheet

Agerafenib

Target:

Cat. No.: HY-15200 CAS No.: 1188910-76-0 Molecular Formula: $C_{24}H_{22}F_3N_5O_5$ Molecular Weight: 517.46

Pathway: MAPK/ERK Pathway

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

Raf

 $4^{\circ}C$ 2 years

In solvent -80°C 2 years

> -20°C 1 year

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 50 mg/mL (96.63 mM; Need ultrasonic)

| Preparing Stock Solutions | Solvent Mass Concentration | 1 mg | 5 mg | 10 mg |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| | 1 mM | 1.9325 mL | 9.6626 mL | 19.3252 mL |
| | 5 mM | 0.3865 mL | 1.9325 mL | 3.8650 mL |
| | 10 mM | 0.1933 mL | 0.9663 mL | 1.9325 mL |

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.83 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.83 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.83 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

| Description | Agerafenib (CEP-32496; RXDX-105) is a highly potent and orally efficacious inhibitor of BRAF ^{V600E} with a K _d of 14 nM. | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| IC ₅₀ & Target | BRaf ^{V600E} 14 nM (Kd) | Braf 36 nM (Kd) | CRAF 39 nM (Kd) | c-Kit 2 nM (Kd) | |
| | Ret 2 nM (Kd) | LCK 2 nM (Kd) | Abl-1 3 nM (Kd) | VEGFR-2 8 nM (Kd) | |

| CSF-1R | EPHA2 | EGFR | c-Met |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| 9 nM (Kd) | 14 nM (Kd) | 22 nM (Kd) | 513 nM (Kd) |
| JAK-2 4700 nM (Kd) | MEK-1 7100 nM (Kd) | MEK-2 8300 nM (Kd) | |

In Vitro

Agerafenib (CEP-32496) exhibits high potency against several BRAF^{V600E}-dependent cell lines and selective cytotoxicity for tumor cell lines expressing mutant BRAF^{V600E} versus those containing wild-type BRAF. Agerafenib exhibits potent binding (BRAF^{V600E} K_d =14 nM) and cellular activity (pMEK IC $_{50}$ =82 nM and A375 proliferation IC $_{50}$ =78 nM), with activity in the proliferation assay. Agerafenib also exhibits a favorable CYP450 inhibition profile, with measured IC $_{50}$ values greater than 10 μ M versus the CYP1A2, CYP2C9, CYP2D6, and CYP3A4 isoforms and an IC $_{50}$ =3.4 μ M^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

Oral administration of Agerafenib (CEP-32496) to Colo-205 tumor xenograft-bearing mice results in significant inhibition of pMEK in tumor cell lysates. For instance, a single 30 mg/kg (po) dose of Agerafenib leads to a 50 and 75% inhibition of normalized pMEK in tumor lysates at the 2 and 6 h postdose time point, respectively (p<0.03), while a 55 mg/kg (po) dose resulted in a 75% to 57% (p<0.03) inhibition of pMEK at 2 through 10 h post administration, with normalization to baseline by 24 h. Agerafenib exhibits an exceptional PK profile in mouse, dog, and cynomolgus monkey. Administration of Agerafenib to beagle dogs (single dose of 1 mg/kg iv and 10 mg/kg po) results in low clearance (CL=5.0 (mL/min)/kg) and excellent bioavailability (%F=100). Similarly, in cynomolgus monkey, the administration of Agerafenib (single dose of 1 mg/kg iv and 10 mg/kg po) leads to high oral exposure due to low clearance (CL=6.7 mL/min/kg) and excellent bioavailability (%F=100)^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Cell Assay [1]

A375 cells are seeded at 10,000 cells per well in DMEM with 10% fetal calf serum and allowed to attach. The cells are washed with PBS and switched to DMEM with 0.5% of serum and incubated overnight. The test compounds (e.g., Agerafenib; 10 μ M) are then added at various concentrations with a final DMSO concentration of 0.5% and incubated for 72 h. At the end of incubation, a Cell Titer Blue is added per instructions, and incubation is continued for 3 h. Remaining viable cells are quantified by measuring the strength of the fluorescence signal using SoftMax Pro (excitation at 560 nm and emission at 590 nm). IC50 values are derived using a 9-point curve and are presented as mean values from experiments performed in duplicate [1].

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Animal Administration [1]

Mice^[1]

Six to eight week old athymic nu/nu nude mice (20-25 g) are inoculated subcutaneously with Colo-205 tumor cells (1×10^6 /mouse) in the right flank. Upon reaching an average tumor volume of 150-200 mm³ (10-12 days post implantation), animals are randomized into treatment groups (n=10 mice/group). Each group is dosed orally for 14 days with either vehicle only (22% HP β CD) or with Agerafenib at 10, 30, or 100 mg/kg twice daily (BID), and each dose of drug is given in a volume of 0.1 mL per 20 g of body weight, adjusted for the body weight of the animal. Tumor volumes are measured three times weekly using vernier calipers, and volumes are calculated^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Science. 2017 Dec 1;358(6367):eaan4368.
- Nat Biomed Eng. 2018 Aug;2(8):578-588.
- Sci Transl Med. 2018 Jul 18;10(450):eaaq1093.

- J Med Virol. 2022 Oct 17.
- Patent. US20220098204A1.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Rowbottom MW, et al. Identification of 1-(3-(6,7-dimethoxyquinazolin-4-yloxy)phenyl)-3-(5-(1,1,1-trifluoro-2-methylpropan-2-yl)isoxazol-3-yl)urea hydrochloride (CEP-32496), a highly potent and orally efficacious inhibitor of V-RAF murine sarcoma viral oncogene homologue B1 (BRAF) V600E.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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