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Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
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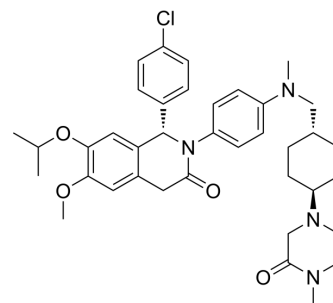
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NVP-CGM097

Cat. No.:	HY-15954
CAS No.:	1313363-54-0
Molecular Formula:	C ₃₈ H ₄₇ ClN ₄ O ₄
Molecular Weight:	659.26
Target:	MDM-2/p53; E1/E2/E3 Enzyme
Pathway:	Apoptosis; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease
Storage:	Powder -20°C 3 years 4°C 2 years In solvent -80°C 2 years -20°C 1 year



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 100 mg/mL (151.69 mM; Need ultrasonic)				
	Preparing Stock Solutions	<div>Solvent Concentration</div> <div>Mass</div>	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
		1 mM	1.5169 mL	7.5843 mL	15.1685 mL
		5 mM	0.3034 mL	1.5169 mL	3.0337 mL
		10 mM	0.1517 mL	0.7584 mL	1.5169 mL
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.					
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (3.79 mM); Clear solution				
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (3.79 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic				

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	NVP-CGM097 is a potent and selective MDM2 inhibitor with IC ₅₀ of 1.7±0.1 nM for hMDM2.
IC ₅₀ & Target	IC ₅₀ : 1.7±0.1 nM (hMDM2) ^[1]
In Vitro	NVP-CGM097 binds to human MDM2 with an IC ₅₀ of 1.7 nM and shows high selectivity over MDM4 (IC ₅₀ =2000 nM). NVP-CGM097 is about four times more potent than Nutlin-3a (IC ₅₀ =8 nM). In addition, NVP-CGM097 shows no significant activity against Bcl-2:Bak, Bcl-2:Bad, Mcl-1:Bak, Mcl-1:NOXA, XIAP:BIR3, and c-IAP:BIR3 protein-protein interactions. NVP-CGM097 significantly inhibits the proliferation of cells expressing wild-type p53, while sparing the p53 null cells with a 35-58-fold difference. NVP-CGM097 is able to significantly redistribute wild-type p53 into the cell nucleus with an IC ₅₀ of 0.224 μM, demonstrating its ability to inhibit the p53:MDM2 interaction in living cells. In addition, NVP-CGM097 activity against the

	<p>p53:MDM2 interaction is assessed in proliferation assays using either wild-type p53 or p53 null cells. NVP-CGM097 significantly inhibits the proliferation of cells expressing wild-type p53, while sparing the p53 null cells with a 35-58-fold difference. NVP-CGM097 inhibits HCT116 (p53^{WT/WT}) with IC₅₀ of 454±136 nM^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>
In Vivo	<p>NVP-CGM097 is able to inhibit the interaction between p53 and MDM2 and reactivate the p53 pathway in vivo in a MDM2-amplified SJSA-1 human tumor model, as judged by elevation of p21 mRNA levels, a pharmacodynamic (PD) indicator for p53 activity. p21 mRNA levels are found to increase concomitantly with levels of NVP-CGM097 in tumor-bearing rats dosed at 30 mg/kg. The PD response is biphasic and prolonged up to 24 h. Additional p53 target genes such as MDM2 and PUMA mRNA levels are assessed in the tumor samples as well and showed a similar behavior. Daily treatment with NVP-CGM097 dose dependently and significantly inhibits SJSA-1 tumor growth in rats. It promotes stable disease at 20 mg/kg, which is associated with a plasma AUC₀₋₂₄ of 163 µM h. After iv administration, the total blood clearance (CL) of NVP-CGM097 is 5 mL/min per kg for mouse, 7 mL/min per kg for rat, 3 mL/min per kg for dog, and 4 mL/min per kg for monkey. The apparent terminal half-life (t_{1/2}) is long in rodents and monkey (6-12 h) but is comparatively longer in dogs (20 h). After oral dosing, NVP-CGM097 is well absorbed with T_{max} occurring between 1 and 4.5 h in all species tested^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>

PROTOCOL

Cell Assay ^[1]	<p>Two pairs of cell lines are used to assess NVP-CGM097 p53-dependent antiproliferative effects: (1) an isogenic pair of HCT116 cell lines either expressing wild-type p53 or knocked-out for the p53 gene and (2) a nonisogenic pair of osteosarcoma cell lines either endogenously expressing wild-type p53 and amplified for MDM2 (SJSA-1 cells) or null for p53 (SAOS-2 cells)^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>
Animal Administration ^[1]	<p>Rats^[1]</p> <p>Female athymic rats bearing subcutaneous xenotransplants of SJSA-1 tumors (n=5-12) are treated at 5, 10, 20, or 30 mg/kg or three times a week on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday (3qw M, W, F) at 30 or 70 mg/kg po for 14 days. Plasma AUCs are determined at the end of the study. Positive numbers indicate the percentage of tumor growth inhibition (T/C); negative numbers indicate the percentage of tumor regression.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>

REFERENCES

[1]. Holzer P, et al. Discovery of a Dihydroisoquinolinone Derivative (NVP-CGM097): A Highly Potent and Selective MDM2 Inhibitor Undergoing Phase 1 Clinical Trials in p53wt Tumors. J Med Chem. 2015 Aug 27;58(16):6348-58

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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