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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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Product Data Sheet

PLX7904

Cat. No.: HY-18997 CAS No.: 1393465-84-3

Molecular Formula: $C_{24}H_{22}F_2N_6O_3S$

Molecular Weight: 512.53 Target: Raf

Pathway: MAPK/ERK Pathway

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

2 years

In solvent -80°C 2 years

> -20°C 1 year

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro DMSO: ≥ 30 mg/mL (58.53 mM)

* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.9511 mL	9.7555 mL	19.5111 mL
	5 mM	0.3902 mL	1.9511 mL	3.9022 mL
	10 mM	0.1951 mL	0.9756 mL	1.9511 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.88 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

PLX7904 is a potent and selective BRAF inhibitor, with IC $_{50}$ of appr 5 nM against BRAF V600E in mutant RAS expressing cells. Description BRafV600E IC₅₀ & Target

5 nM (IC₅₀, in mutant RAS expressing cells)

PLX7904 inhibits the in vitro growth of two melanoma cell lines (A375 and COLO829) and an additional human colorectal cancer cell line COLO205 that expresses BRAF V600E with IC $_{50}$ values of 0.17 μ M, 0.53 μ M, and 0.16 μ M, respectively, on a par with vemurafenib IC $_{50}$ values in the same assays (0.33 $\mu\text{M},$ 0.69 $\mu\text{M},$ and 0.25 $\mu\text{M},$ respectively) $^{[1]}$. PLX7904 and PLX8394 potently inhibit ERK1/2-driven GAL4-Elk1 reporter activity in PRT cells as well as parental cells. PLX7904 and PLX8394 treatment at 1 μM concentration reduce colony formation and viability in parental cells to a similar level as PLX4720^[2]. PPLX7904 potently inhibits phosphorylation of ERK1/2 in mutant BRAF melanoma cells without eliciting paradoxical

In Vitro

activation in wild-type BRAF, mutant NRAS melanoma cells. PPLX7904 inhibits ERK1/2 in PLX470-resistant cell lines. PPLX7904 treatment promotes apoptosis and inhibits anchorage-independent growth of vemurafenib resistant cells^[3]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Cell Assay [2]

For MTT assays, 2×10^3 cells are seeded in triplicate in 96 wells in their regular culture medium (containing PLX4720 for PRT lines). Next day, cells are washed twice with PBS and then the medium is replenished containing the indicated RAF inhibitor. Medium is changed 48 hours later and after a further 48 hours, $10 \mu L$ of 5 mg/mL MTT reagent is added to wells, and incubated for three hours. Formazan crystals are then solubilized overnight with a 1:10 dilution of 0.1 M glycine (pH 10.5) in DMSO. Wells are then analyzed at 450 nM in a Multiskan Spectrum spectrophotometer. Results depicted are normalized to DMSO conditions and are a composite of three independent experiments. Error bars shown are representative of the standard error of mean (SEM).

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Administration [1]

COLO205 tumour cells are cultured in DMEM 10% FBS 1% penicillin/streptomycin supplemented with bovine insulin, at 37°C. Balb/C nude mice, female, 6-8 weeks old, weighing approximately 18-22 g, are inoculated subcutaneously at the right flank with COLO205 tumour cells (5×10⁶) in 0.1 mL of PBS mixed with matrigel (50:50) for tumour development. The treatment is started when mean tumour size reach approximately 100 mm³, with eight mice in each treatment group randomized to balance the average weight and tumour size. B9 cells are expanded in DMEM 10% FBS 1% penicillin/streptomycin. Upon trypsinization the cells are washed three times with 20 mL RPMI, and after the final centrifugation are re-suspended, counted, and adjusted by volume to a final concentration of 5×10⁷ cells per millilitre. B9 xenografts are started by injection of 5×10⁶ cells subcutaneously in 6- to 7-week-old female nude Balb/c mice. Compound dosing starts when the average size of tumours reach 50-70 mm³. Animals are equally distributed over treatment groups (n=10) to balance the average tumour size and body weight. Animals are dosed orally for days 1-14 twice daily and days 15-28 once daily with vehicle, vemurafenib 50 mg per kg, or PLX7904 50 mg per kg. 12-O-tetradecanoylphorbol-13-acetate (TPA) is put on the skin of all mice twice a week during weeks 3 and 4 at a dose of 2 µg in 200 µL acetone.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Nat Commun. 2018 Nov 14;9(1):4775.
- Mol Cell Biol. 2016 Sep 26;36(20):2612-25.
- Research Square Print. October 27th, 2022.

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REFERENCES

- $[1].\ Zhang\ C,\ et\ al.\ RAF\ inhibitors\ that\ evade\ paradoxical\ MAPK\ pathway\ activation.\ Nature.\ 2015\ Oct\ 22;526(7574):583-586.$
- [2]. Basile KJ, et al. Inhibition of mutant BRAF splice variant signaling by next-generation, selective RAF inhibitors. Pigment Cell Melanoma Res. 2014 May;27(3):479-84
- [3]. Le K, et al. Selective RAF inhibitor impairs ERK1/2 phosphorylation and growth in mutant NRAS, vemurafenib-resistant melanoma cells. Pigment Cell Melanoma Res. 2013 Jul;26(4):509-17

 $\label{lem:caution:Product} \textbf{Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.}$

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