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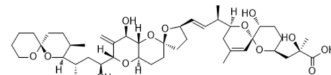
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Okadaic acid

Cat. No.:	HY-N6785
CAS No.:	78111-17-8
Molecular Formula:	C ₄₄ H ₆₈ O ₁₃
Molecular Weight:	805
Target:	Phosphatase; Apoptosis
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Apoptosis
Storage:	Solution, -20°C, 2 years



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Okadaic acid, a marine toxin, is an inhibitor of protein phosphatases (PP). Okadaic acid has a significantly higher affinity for PP2A (IC ₅₀ =0.1-0.3 nM), and inhibits PP1 (IC ₅₀ =15-50 nM), PP3 (IC ₅₀ =3.7-4 nM), PP4 (IC ₅₀ =0.1 nM), PP5 (IC ₅₀ =3.5 nM), but does not inhibit PP2C. Okadaic acid increases of phosphorylation of a number of proteins by inhibiting PP, and acts a tumor promoter. Okadaic acid induces tau phosphorylation ^{[1][2]} .											
IC ₅₀ & Target	PP1 15-50 nM (IC ₅₀)	PP2A 0.1-0.3 nM (IC ₅₀)	PP3 3.7-4 nM (IC ₅₀)	PP4 0.1 nM (IC ₅₀)								
	PP5 3.5 nM (IC ₅₀)	PP2B ~4000 nM (IC ₅₀)	PP7 ~1000 nM (IC ₅₀)									
In Vitro	Okadaic acid (0-100 nM; 24 h or 48 h) inhibits the proliferation of AGS, MNK-45, Caco 2 cells ^[3] .											
	?Okadaic acid (10 nM; 8 hours) increases Drp1 phosphorylation and mitochondrial fission in rat cortical neurons ^[4] .											
	MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.											
	Cell Proliferation Assay ^[3]											
	<table><tr><td>Cell Line:</td><td>AGS, MNK-45 and Caco 2 cell lines</td></tr><tr><td>Concentration:</td><td>0-100 nM</td></tr><tr><td>Incubation Time:</td><td>24 h or 48 h</td></tr><tr><td>Result:</td><td>Inhibited the proliferation of AGS, MNK-45, Caco 2 cells.</td></tr></table>				Cell Line:	AGS, MNK-45 and Caco 2 cell lines	Concentration:	0-100 nM	Incubation Time:	24 h or 48 h	Result:	Inhibited the proliferation of AGS, MNK-45, Caco 2 cells.
	Cell Line:	AGS, MNK-45 and Caco 2 cell lines										
Concentration:	0-100 nM											
Incubation Time:	24 h or 48 h											
Result:	Inhibited the proliferation of AGS, MNK-45, Caco 2 cells.											
In Vivo	Okadaic acid (100 µM; injected unilaterally to the lateral amygdala) induces Tau phosphorylation and protein aggregation in anatomically distinct brain regions 24 h post-injection ^[5] .											
	MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.											

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Cancer Lett. 2021 Mar 3;S0304-3835(21)00101-4.

- Int J Biol Macromol. 2023 Jun 2;125171.
- Int J Biochem Cell Biol. 2021, 106036.
- Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2023 Nov 5, 680, Pages 127-134.
- bioRxiv. 2023 Jun 6.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Natalia Dos Santos Tramontin, et al. Gold Nanoparticles Treatment Reverses Brain Damage in Alzheimer's Disease Model . Mol Neurobiol. 2020, 57, 2.
- [2]. Kleppe R, et al. Cell Death Inducing Microbial Protein Phosphatase Inhibitors--Mechanisms of Action. Mar Drugs. 2015 Oct 22;13(10):6505-20.
- [3]. Valdiglesias V, et al. Okadaic acid: more than a diarrheic toxin. Mar Drugs. 2013 Oct 31;11(11):4328-49.
- [4]. del Campo M, et al. Okadaic acid toxin at sublethal dose produced cell proliferation in gastric and colon epithelial cell lines. Mar Drugs. 2013;11(12):4751-4760.
- [5]. Cho MH, et al. Increased phosphorylation of dynamin-related protein 1 and mitochondrial fission in okadaic acid-treated neurons. Brain Res. 2012 May 15;1454:100-10.
- [6]. Baker S, et al. A local insult of okadaic acid in wild-type mice induces tau phosphorylation and protein aggregation in anatomically distinct brain regions. Acta Neuropathol Commun. 2016;4:32.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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