

# Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

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## SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic in





#### Datasheet for 611-146-002

# Rabbit IgG (H&L) Antibody DyLight™ 405 Conjugated

### **Overview**

| Description:  | Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H&L) Antibody DyLight™ 405 Conjugated - 611-146-002 |  |  |  |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|
| Item No.:     | 611-146-002   |  |  |  |
| Size:         | 100 μg  |  |  |  |
| Applications: | IF, IHC   |  |  |  |
| Reactivity:   | Rabbit  |  |  |  |
| Host Species: | Goat  |  |  |  |

### **Product Details**

| <b>Background:</b> Anti-Rabbit IgG (H&L) DyLight 405 Antibody generated in goat detects reactivity to Rabbit IgG. |
|---|
|---|

Secreted as part of the adaptive immune response by plasma B cells, immunoglobulin G constitutes 75% of serum immunoglobulins. Immunoglobulin G binds to viruses, bacteria, as well as fungi and facilitates their destruction or neutralization via agglutination (and thereby immobilizing them), activation of the compliment cascade, and opsonization for phagocytosis. The whole IgG molecule possesses both the F(c) region, recognized by high-affinity Fc receptor proteins, as well as the F(ab) region possessing the epitope-recognition site. Both the Heavy and Light chains of the antibody molecule are present. Secondary Antibodies are available in a variety of formats and conjugate types. When choosing a secondary antibody product, consideration must be given to species and immunoglobulin specificity, conjugate type, fragment and chain specificity, level of cross-reactivity, and host-species source and fragment composition.

| Synonyms: | Goat anti-Rabbit IgG Antibody DyLight™405 Conjugation, Goat anti-Rabbit IgG DyLight™ 405 |
|-----------|--|
|           | Conjugated Antibody  |

|                      | Conjugated Antibody |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Host Species:</b> | Goat                |
| Specificity:         | IgG (H&L)           |
| Conjugate:           | DyLight™ 405        |
| Clonality:           | Polyclonal          |
| Format:              | IgG                 |
| F/P Ratio:           | 3.5                 |
|                      |                     |

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## **Target Details**

| Reactivity:         | Rabbit   |  |  |  |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Immunogen:          | Rabbit IgG whole molecule  |  |  |  |
| Purity/Specificity: | This product was prepared from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity chromatography using Rabbit IgG coupled to agarose beads followed by conjugation to fluorochrome and extensive dialysis against the buffer stated above. Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-Goat Serum, Rabbit IgG and Rabbit Serum. This antibody will react with heavy chains of Rabbit IgG and with light chains of most Rabbit immunoglobulins. |  |  |  |

# **Application Details**

| Suggested Applications: | IF, IHC (Based on references)  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Application Note:       | Anti-Rabbit IgG (H&L) DyLight 405 Antibody is designed for immunofluorescence microscopy, fluorescence based plate assays (FLISA) and fluorescent western blotting. This product is also suitable for multiplex analysis, including multicolor imaging, utilizing various commercial platforms. The emission spectra for this DyLight™ conjugate match the principle output wavelengths of most common fluorescence instrumentation. |  |
| Assay Dilutions:        | All assays should be optimized by the user. Recommended dilutions (if any) may be listed below.  |  |
| FLISA:                  | >1:20,000  |  |
| IF:                     | >1:5,000   |  |
| WB:                     | >1:10,000  |  |
|                         |  |  |

## **Formulation**

| Physical State:        | Lyophilized  |  |  |
|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Concentration:         | 1.0 mg/mL by UV absorbance at 280 nm                                   |  |  |
| Buffer:                | 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2             |  |  |
| Preservative:          | 0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide   |  |  |
| Stabilizer:            | 10 mg/mL Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) - Immunoglobulin and Protease free |  |  |
| Reconstitution Volume: | 100 μL   |  |  |
| Reconstitution Buffer: | Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)                           |  |  |

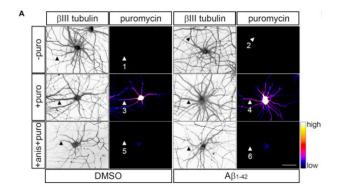
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## **Shipping & Handling**

| Shipping Condition: | Ambient   |
|---------------------|---|
| Storage Condition:  | Store vial at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use. |
| Expiration:         | Expiration date is one (1) year from date of receipt.   |

## **Images**

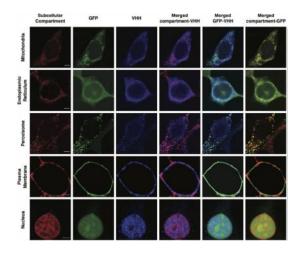


#### Immunocytochemistry

Detection of newly synthesized proteins by puromycilation. (A) Rat hippocampal neurons were grown for 9 DIV and were treated with DMSO (left panels) or A $\beta$ 1–42 oligomers (right panels) for 24 h. Before fixing, cells were incubated with vehicle (-puro; neurites 1 and 2), with puromycin (+ puro; neurites 3 and 4) or with puromycin and anisomycin (+ anis + puro; neurites 5 and 6) for 30 mins. Cells were immunostained with rabbit anti- $\beta$ III tubulin antibody (1:500) to visualize the neuronal cytoskeleton (gray) and with a mouse anti-puromycin antibody (1:500) to analyze newly synthesized proteins (heatmaps). Secondary anti-rabbit DyLight 405 (1:200, 611-146-002). Scale bar, 50  $\mu$ m. Fig 2. PMID: 32581689.

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#### **Immunofluorescence Microscopy**

NanoLoc-mediated control of GFP subcellular localization. Representative confocal microscopy images of HEK293/GFP#1 cells transiently transfected for the expression of VHHLoc variants and analyzed 72 h posttransfection. Subcellular compartment (red, column 1); GFP (green, column 2); VHH (blue, anti-HA, column 3); colocalization of subcellular compartment and VHH shown in merged images (purple, column 4); colocalization of GFP and VHH shown in merged images (cyan, column 5); colocalization of subcellular compartment and GFP shown in merged images (yellow, column 6). Scale bars: 5 μm. Brightness and contrast levels were adjusted and images of cells treated the same were subjected to the same adjustment. Pseudo-coloring was applied to the subcellular compartment stain and VHH images for the plasma membrane and the nucleus. Primary antibodies: rabbit anti-HA (VHH), 1:250, mouse anti-calnexin (endoplasmic reticulum membrane) 1:50; mouse anti-PMP70 (peroxisome) 1:50, with secondary antibodies: goat anti-rabbit DyLight 405 conjugated, (p/n 611-146-002) 1:200, goat anti-rabbit DyLight 549 conjugated, (p/n 611-142-002) 1:500, and goat anti-mouse DyLight 549 conjugated, (1:500). Fig 1. PMID: 33763602.

#### **Diagram**

Properties of DyLight™ Fluorescent Dyes.

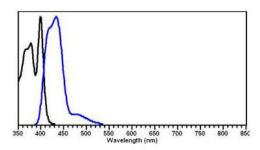
| Emission      | Color | DyLight™<br>Dye | Ex/Em<br>(nm) | е (M <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>-1</sup> ) | Similar Dyes                          |
|---------------|-------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Blue          |       | 405             | 400/420       | 30,000                                | Alexa™ 405, Cascade Blue              |
| Green         | 7     | 488             | 493/518       | 70,000                                | Alexa™ 488, Cy2®, FITC                |
| Yellow        |       | 549             | 550/568       | 150,000                               | Alexa™ 546, Alexa 555, Cy3®,TRITC     |
| Red           |       | 649             | 646/674       | 250,000                               | Alexa™ 647, Cy5®                      |
| Near Infrared |       | 680             | 682/715       | 140,000                               | <u>Alexa™ 680, Cy5.5®, IRDye™ 700</u> |
| Infrared      |       | 800             | 770/794       | 270,000                               | IRDye™ 800                            |

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# **Diagram**DyLight™ 405 Fluorescence absorption



#### References

- Jayanthi B et al. A platform for post-translational spatiotemporal control of cellular proteins. Synth Biol (Oxf). (2021)
- Gamarra M et al. Object-based analyses in FIJI/ImageJ to measure local RNA translation sites in neurites in response to Aβ1-42 oligomers. *Front Neurosci.* (2020)

## **Disclaimer**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications. Please contact a technical service representative for more information. All products of animal origin manufactured by Rockland Immunochemicals are derived from starting materials of North American origin. Collection was performed in United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) inspected facilities and all materials have been inspected and certified to be free of disease and suitable for exportation. All properties listed are typical characteristics and are not specifications. All suggestions and data are offered in good faith but without guarantee as conditions and methods of use of our products are beyond our control. All claims must be made within 30 days following the date of delivery. The prospective user must determine the suitability of our materials before adopting them on a commercial scale. Suggested uses of our products are not recommendations to use our products in violation of any patent or as a license under any patent of Rockland Immunochemicals, Inc. If you require a commercial license to use this material and do not have one, then return this material, unopened to: Rockland Inc., P.O. BOX 5199, Limerick, Pennsylvania, USA.

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