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IP3R-II (m): 293T Lysate: sc-121092

BACKGROUND

Inositol 1,4,5-triphosphate (IP3) functions as a second messenger for a myriad of extracellular stimuli including hormones, growth factors and neurotransmitters. Receptor tyrosine kinases indirectly increase the intracellular levels of IP3 through the activation of phospholipases such as phospholipase C (PLC), which convert phosphatidylinositol-4,5 bisphosphate into IP3 and diacylglycerol (DAG). The inositol 1,4,5-triphosphate receptor, IP3R, acts as an inositol triphosphate (IP3)-gated calcium release channel in a variety of cell types. Three IP3 receptor subtypes have been described and are designated IP3R-I, IP3R-II and IP3R-III. IP3R-I is the predominant IP3R subtype expressed in neuronal tissues and the central nervous system, but is also expressed at high levels in the liver.

REFERENCES

1. Blondel, O., et al 1993. Sequence and functional characterization of a third inositol trisphosphate receptor subtype, IP3R-3, expressed in pancreatic islets, kidney, gastrointestinal tract, and other tissues. *J. Biol. Chem.* 268: 11356-11363.
2. Cameron, A.M., et al. 1995. Calcineurin associated with the inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate receptor-FKBP12 complex modulates Ca²⁺ flux. *Cell* 83: 463-472.
3. Raghu, P., et al. 1995. The inositol 1,4,5-triphosphate receptor expression in *Drosophila* suggests a role for IP3 signalling in muscle development and adult hemosensory functions. *Dev. Biol.* 171: 564-577.
4. Zhang, S.X., et al. 1995. *In situ* hybridization of mRNA expression for IP3 receptor and IP3-3-kinase in rat brain after transient focal cerebral ischemia. *Mol. Brain Res.* 32: 252-260.
5. Joseph, S.K., et al. 1995. Heterooligomers of type-I and type-III inositol trisphosphate receptors in WB rat liver epithelial cells. *J. Biol. Chem.* 270: 23310-23316.
6. Jayaraman, T., et al. 1996. Regulation of the inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate receptor by tyrosine phosphorylation. *Science* 272: 1492-1494.
7. Khan, A.A., et al. 1996. Lymphocyte apoptosis: mediation by increased type 3 inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate receptor. *Science* 273: 503-507.
8. Matsumoto, M., et al. 1996. Ataxia and epileptic seizures in mice lacking type 1 inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate receptor. *Nature* 379: 168-171.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Itpr2 (mouse) mapping to 6 G3.

PRODUCT

IP3R-II (m): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of mouse IP3R-II transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

IP3R-II (m): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for mouse reactive IP3R-II antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.