



**SZABO
SCANDIC**

Part of Europa Biosite

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic



HLA-G (h): 293T Lysate: sc-159408

BACKGROUND

Major histocompatibility complex (MHC), human leukocyte antigen (HLA) molecules are cell-surface receptors that bind foreign peptides and present them to T lymphocytes. MHC class I molecules consist of two polypeptide chains, an α or heavy chain, and a non-covalently associated protein, β2-Microglobulin. Cytotoxic T lymphocytes bind antigenic peptides presented by MHC class I molecules. Antigens that bind to MHC class I molecules are typically 8-10 residues in length and are stabilized in a peptide binding groove. MHC class II molecules are encoded by polymorphic MHC genes and consist of a non-covalent complex of an α and β chain. Helper T lymphocytes bind antigenic peptides presented by MHC class II molecules. MHC class II molecules bind 13-18 amino acid antigenic peptides. Accumulating in endosomal/lysosomal compartments and on the surface of B cells, HLA-DM and -DO molecules regulate binding of exogenous peptides to class II molecules (HLA-DR) by sustaining a conformation that favors peptide exchange. The differential structural properties of MHC class I and class II molecules account for their respective roles in activating different populations of T lymphocytes.

REFERENCES

1. Fournel, S., et al. 2000. Comparative reactivity of different HLA-G monoclonal antibodies to soluble HLA-G molecules. *Tissue Antigens* 55:510-518.
2. Lozano, J.M., et al. 2002. Monocytes and T lymphocytes in HIV-1-positive patients express HLA-G molecule. *AIDS* 16: 347-351.
3. Pangault, C., et al. 2002. Lung macrophages and dendritic cells express HLA-G molecules in pulmonary diseases. *Hum. Immunol.* 63: 83-90.
4. Fuzzi, B., et al. 2002. HLA-G expression in early embryos is a fundamental prerequisite for the obtainment of pregnancy. *Eur. J. Immunol.* 32: 311-315.
5. Boyson, J.E., et al. 2002. Disulfide bond-mediated dimerization of HLA-G on the cell surface. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 99: 16180-16185.
6. Menier, C., et al. 2003. Characterization of monoclonal antibodies recognizing HLA-G or HLA-E: new tools to analyze the expression of nonclassical HLA class I molecules. *Hum. Immunol.* 64: 315-326.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: HLA-G (human) mapping to 6p22.1.

PRODUCT

HLA-G (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human HLA-G transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

HLA-G (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive HLA-G antibodies.

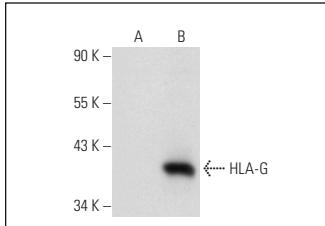
Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

HLA-G (MEM-G/1): sc-51674 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced human HLA-G expression in HLA-G transfected 293T cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

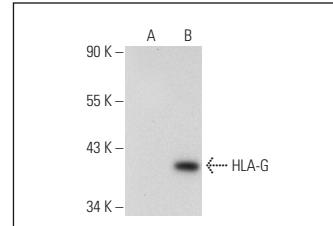
STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

DATA



HLA-G (MEM-G/1): sc-51674. Western blot analysis of HLA-G expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human HLA-G transfected: sc-159408 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.



HLA-G (MEM-G/2): sc-51674. Western blot analysis of HLA-G expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human HLA-G transfected: sc-159408 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.