



**SZABO
SCANDIC**

Part of Europa Biosite

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic



SSU72 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-175286



BACKGROUND

SSU72, also known as HSPC182 or PNAS-120, is a 194 amino acid protein that localizes to both the nucleus and the cytoplasm and contains one coiled coil domain. Existing as multiple alternatively spliced isoforms, SSU72 interacts with TFIIB, Rb and DNAM-1 and functions to catalyze the dephosphorylation of target proteins, possibly playing a role in RNA processing and termination via dephosphorylation of Pol II. SSU72, the mammalian homolog of SSU72, is encoded by a gene that maps to human chromosome 1, which spans 260 million base pairs, contains over 3,000 genes and comprises nearly 8% of the human genome. Chromosome 1 houses a large number of disease-associated genes, including those that are involved in familial adenomatous polyposis, Stickler syndrome, Parkinson's disease, Gaucher disease, schizophrenia and Usher syndrome. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers, including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma.

REFERENCES

1. Dichtl, B., et al. 2002. A role for SSU72 in balancing RNA polymerase II transcription elongation and termination. *Mol. Cell* 10: 1139-1150.
2. Meinhart, A., et al. 2003. The mRNA transcription/processing factor SSU72 is a potential tyrosine phosphatase. *J. Biol. Chem.* 278: 15917-15921.
3. Krishnamurthy, S., et al. 2004. SSU72 Is an RNA polymerase II CTD phosphatase. *Mol. Cell* 14: 387-394.
4. St-Pierre, B., et al. 2005. Conserved and specific functions of mammalian SSU72. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 33: 464-477.
5. Ganem, C., et al. 2006. Kinase Cak1 functionally interacts with the Paf1 complex and phosphatase SSU72 via kinases Ctk1 and Bur1. *Mol. Genet. Genomics* 275: 136-147.
6. Singh, B.N. and Hampsey, M. 2007. A transcription-independent role for TFIIB in gene looping. *Mol. Cell* 27: 806-816.
7. Reyes-Reyes, M. and Hampsey, M. 2007. Role for the Ssu72 C-terminal domain phosphatase in RNA polymerase II transcription elongation. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 27: 926-936.
8. Ghazy, M.A., He, X., Singh, B.N., Hampsey, M. and Moore, C. 2009. The essential N terminus of the Pta1 scaffold protein is required for snoRNA transcription termination and Ssu72 function but is dispensable for pre-mRNA 3'-end processing. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 29: 2296-2307.
9. Zhang, H., Sol-Church, K., Rydbeck, H., Stabley, D., Spotila, L.D. and Devoto, M. 2009. High resolution linkage and linkage disequilibrium analyses of chromosome 1p36 SNPs identify new positional candidate genes for low bone mineral density. *Osteoporos. Int.* 20: 341-346.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SSU72 (human) mapping to 1p36.33.

PRODUCT

SSU72 (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human SSU72 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

SSU72 (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive SSU72 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.