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## Produktinformation



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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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### Lieferung & Zahlungsart

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### Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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# HLA-DP $\beta$ 1 (h2): 293 Lysate: sc-176612

## BACKGROUND

Major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class II molecules destined for presentation to CD4<sup>+</sup> helper T cells is determined by two key events. These events include the dissociation of class II-associated invariant chain peptides (CLIP) from an antigen binding groove in MHC class II $\alpha$ / $\beta$  dimers through the activity of MHC molecules HLA-DM and -DO, and subsequent peptide antigen binding. Accumulating in endosomal/lysosomal compartments and on the surface of B cells, HLA-DM and -DO molecules regulate the dissociation of CLIP and the subsequent binding of exogenous peptides to HLA class II molecules (HLA-DR, -DQ and -DP) by sustaining a conformation that favors peptide exchange. RFLP analysis of HLA-DM genes from rheumatoid arthritis (RA) patients suggests that certain polymorphisms are genetic factors for RA susceptibility. HLA-B belongs to the HLA class I heavy chain paralogs. Class I molecules play a central role in the immune system by presenting peptides derived from the endoplasmic reticulum lumen. HLA-B and C can form heterodimers consisting of a membrane anchored, heavy chain and a light chain ( $\beta$ -2-Microglobulin). Polymorphisms yield hundreds of HLA-B and C alleles.

## REFERENCES

1. Heyes, J., et al. 1986. Monoclonal antibodies to HLA-DP-transfected mouse L cells. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83: 3417-3421.
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3. Siegmund, T., et al. 1999. HLA-DM  $\alpha$  and HLA-DM  $\beta$  alleles in German patients with type 1 diabetes mellitus. *Tissue Antigens* 54: 291-294.
4. Arndt, S.O., et al. 2000. Functional HLA-DM on the surface of B cells and immature dendritic cells. *EMBO J.* 19: 1241-1251.
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6. Doebele, R.C., et al. 2000. Determination of the HLA-DM interaction site on HLA-DR molecules. *Immunity* 13: 517-527.
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## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: HLA-DPB1 (human) mapping to 6p21.32.

## PRODUCT

HLA-DP  $\beta$ 1 (h2): 293 Lysate represents a lysate of human HLA-DP  $\beta$ 1 transfected 293 cells and is provided as 100  $\mu$ g protein in 200  $\mu$ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

## STORAGE

Store at -20 $^{\circ}$  C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## APPLICATIONS

HLA-DP  $\beta$ 1 (h2): 293 Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive HLA-DP  $\beta$ 1 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20  $\mu$ l per lane.

Control 293 Lysate: sc-110760 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293 cells.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.