

Produktinformation



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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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GRF-1 siRNA (m): sc-41706



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The glucocorticoid receptor (GR) is a ligand-dependent, transactivating regulatory protein that is a member of the nuclear receptor superfamily. GRF-1 (glucocorticoid receptor DNA-binding factor 1), also known as p190RhoGAP or simply p190, is a transcriptional regulator which binds to the promoter region of the glucocorticoid receptor gene and represses its expression. By repressing GR expression, GRF-1 acts to downregulate Rho signaling, thereby mediating both Actin cytoskeletal rearrangements and cell cycle events. Through its GAP domain, GRF-1 is thought to affect cytokinesis by regulating Rho activity; a regulation that is controlled by the ubiquination of the GTP binding region and subsequent degradation of GRF-1. Additionally, GRF-1 plays an important role in oligodendrocyte differentiation, a process that is absent in malignant glioma tumors, implicating GRF-1 as a possible tumor suppressor. GRF-1 expression is regulated by glucocorticoids and the expressed protein exists as two isoforms produced by alternative splicing events.

REFERENCES

- 1. Dib, K., et al. 2001. Role of p190RhoGAP in β2 Integrin regulation of RhoA in human neutrophils. J. Immunol. 166: 6311-6322.
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- Hernández, S.E., et al. 2004. Adhesion-dependent regulation of p190RhoGAP in the developing brain by the Abl-related gene tyrosine kinase. Curr. Biol. 14: 691-696.
- Holinstat, M., et al. 2006. Suppression of RhoA activity by focal adhesion kinase-induced activation of p190RhoGAP: role in regulation of endothelial permeability. J. Biol. Chem. 281: 2296-2305.
- Sastry, S.K., et al. 2006. PTP-PEST couples membrane protrusion and tail retraction via VAV2 and p190RhoGAP. J. Biol. Chem. 281: 11627-11636.
- Kusama, T., et al. 2006. Inactivation of Rho GTPases by p190 RhoGAP reduces human pancreatic cancer cell invasion and metastasis. Cancer Sci. 97: 848-853.
- Wildenberg, G.A., et al. 2006. p120-catenin and p190RhoGAP regulate cell-cell adhesion by coordinating antagonism between Rac and Rho. Cell 127: 1027-1039.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Grlf1 (mouse) mapping to 7 A2.

PRODUCT

GRF-1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see GRF-1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-41706-SH and GRF-1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41706-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of GRF-1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-41706A, sc-41706B and sc-41706C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

GRF-1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of GRF-1 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μM in 66 μl . Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

GRF-1 (C-4): sc-390997 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of GRF-1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor GRF-1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: GRF-1 (m)-PR: sc-41706-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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