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Tctex1 siRNA (h): sc-43319

BACKGROUND

Dyneins are multisubunit, high molecular weight ATPases that interact with microtubules to generate force by converting the chemical energy of ATP into the mechanical energy of movement. Cytoplasmic or axonemal Dynein heavy, intermediate, light and light-intermediate chains are all components of minus end-directed motors; the complex transports cellular cargos towards the central region of the cell. Axonemal Dynein motors contain one to three non-identical heavy chains and cause a sliding of microtubules in the axonemes of cilia and flagella in a mechanism necessary for cilia to beat and propel the cell. Cytoplasmic Dynein is an approximately 12 subunit complex of two heavy chains, two intermediate chains to anchor Dynein to its cargo, four smaller intermediate chains and several light chains. It performs functions necessary for cell survival such as organelle transport and centrosome assembly. The carboxy terminus of Dynein is important for microtubule-dependent motility and is highly conserved, while the amino terminal regions are more variable. Tctex1 is a cytoplasmic dynein light chain found in a complex with Na⁺ CP type Xα (SCN10A). Tctex1, also designated CW-1 or TCTEL1 is expressed in heart, placenta, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, spleen, prostate, testis, ovary, ileum and colon. Several proteins regulate Dynein activity, including dynactin, LIS1 and NudEL(NudE-like).

REFERENCES

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2. Asai, D.J., et al. 2004. The dynein heavy chain family. *J. Eukaryot. Microbiol.* 51: 23-29.
3. Chuang, J.Z., et al. 2005. The dynein light chain Tctex-1 has a dynein-independent role in actin remodeling during neurite outgrowth. *Dev. Cell* 9: 75-86.
4. Li, J., et al. 2005. NudEL targets dynein to microtubule ends through LIS1. *Nat. Cell Biol.* 7: 686-690.
5. Seetharam, R.N., et al. 2005. High speed sliding of axonemal microtubules produced by outer arm dynein. *Cell. Motil. Cytoskeleton* 60: 96-103.
6. He, Y., et al. 2005. Role of cytoplasmic dynein in the axonal transport of microtubules and neurofilaments. *J. Cell Biol.* 168: 697-703.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: DYNLT1 (human) mapping to 6q25.3.

PRODUCT

Tctex1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Tctex1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43319-SH and Tctex1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43319-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Tctex1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-43319A, sc-43319B and sc-43319C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μl of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μl of RNase-free water makes a 10 μM solution in a 10 μM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Tctex1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of Tctex1 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μM in 66 μl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Tctex1 (H-11): sc-365567 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Tctex1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Tctex1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Tctex1 (h)-PR: sc-43319-PR (20 μl, 390 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.