

Produktinformation



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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic in



B-Myb siRNA (m): sc-43524



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The highly leukemogenic avian retrovirus E26 contains two oncogenes, v-Myb and v-Ets, which are expressed together as a fusion protein. The cellular homolog of v-Myb, designated c-Myb, encodes a transcription factor. Deletion or disruption of a negative regulatory domain mapping within the carboxy terminal domain of c-Myb results in enhanced transactivating capacity and in parallel, leads to activation of its ability to transform hemopoietic cells. c-Myb is expressed preferentially, but not exclusively, in immature hemopoietic cells and its expression decreases as cells differentiate. A second member of the Myb proto-oncogene family, B-Myb, encodes a second sequence-specific DNA binding protein. B-Myb RNA levels are low or undetectable in quiescent cells but increase at the $\rm G_1/S$ -phase transition following mitogenic stimulation. Studies suggest that B-Myb expression rescues cells from p53-induced $\rm G_1$ arrest mediated by p21.

REFERENCES

- Gonda, T.J., et al. 1984. Expression of Myb, Myc and Fos proto-oncogenes during the differentiation of a murine myeloid leukaemia. Nature 310: 249-251.
- Gonda, T.J., et al. 1985. Nucleotide sequence of cDNA clones of the murine Myb proto-oncogene. EMBO J. 4: 2004-2008.
- Sakura, H., et al. 1989. Delineation of three functional domains of the transcriptional activator encoded by the c-Myb protooncogene. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86: 5758-5762.
- Mizuguchi, G., et al. 1990. DNA binding activity and transcriptional activator function of the human B-Myb protein compared with c-Myb. J. Biol. Chem. 265: 9280-9284.
- Ramsay, R.G., et al. 1991. Increase in specific DNA binding by carboxyl truncation suggests a mechanism for activation of Myb. Oncogene 6: 1875-1879.
- 6. Favier, D., et al. 1994. Detection of proteins that bind to the leucine zipper motif of c-Myb. Oncogene. 9: 305-311.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Mybl2 (mouse) mapping to 2 H2.

PRODUCT

B-Myb siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see B-Myb shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-43524-SH and B-Myb shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43524-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of B-Myb (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-43524A, sc-43524B and sc-43524C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

B-Myb siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of B-Myb expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

p-B-Myb (H-3): sc-377500 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of B-Myb gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto B Blocking Reagent: sc-2335 (use 50 mM NaF, sc-24988, as diluent), Lambda Phosphatase: sc-200312A and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor B-Myb gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: B-Myb (m)-PR: sc-43524-PR (20 μ l, 476 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.