

Produktinformation



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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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SH2-B siRNA (h): sc-44095



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

SH2-B, also known as SH2B1 or PSM, is a 756 amino acid protein that is a component of the signaling network and is involved in the regulation of cell shape and movement. SH2-B is related to the APS (adapter molecule containing PH and SH2 domains) family of adapter proteins, which characteristically contain a pleckstrin homology (PH) domain, an SH2 domain and a tyrosine phosphorylation site. SH2-B is alternatively spliced to generate three distinct isoforms, SH2-B $\alpha,\,\beta,$ and $\gamma,$ that share an identical N-terminal sequence, including the PH domain, the SH2 domain, and multiple proline-rich motifs. Containing a PH domain and a SH2 domain, SH2-B shuttles between the nuclues and the cytoplasm. SH2-B is widely expressed with highest expression in skeletal muscle and ovary. SH2-B is phosphorylated on tyrosine residues in response to receptor kinase stimulation.

REFERENCES

- Frank, S.J., et al.1995. Regions of the JAK2 tyrosine kinase required for coupling to the growth hormone receptor. J. Biol. Chem. 270: 14776-14785.
- 2. Rui, L., et al. 1997. Identification of SH2-B β as a substrate of the tyrosine kinase JAK2 involved in growth hormone signaling. Mol. Cell. Biol. 17: 6633-6644.
- 3. Rui, L., et al. 1998. Platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF) stimulates the association of SH2-B β with PDGF receptor and phosphorylation of SH2-B β . J. Biol. Chem. 273: 21239-21245.
- 4. Rui, L., et al. 1999. Identification of SH2-B β as a potent cytoplasmic activator of the tyrosine kinase Janus kinase 2. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 96: 7172-7177.
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- 7. Ahmed, Z., et al. 1999. APS, an adapter protein with a PH and SH2 domain, is a substrate for the Insulin receptor kinase. Biochem. J. 341: 665-668.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SH2B1 (human) mapping to 16p11.2.

PRODUCT

SH2-B siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see SH2-B shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-44095-SH and SH2-B shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44095-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of SH2-B (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-44095A, sc-44095B and sc-44095C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

SH2-B siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of SH2-B expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

SH2-B (E-8): sc-393395 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of SH2-B gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor SH2-B gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: SH2-B (h)-PR: sc-44095-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.