

# Produktinformation



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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik
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## Zuschläge

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- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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#### SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

## NIK siRNA (h2): sc-44314



BACKGROUND

The NF $\kappa$ B transcription factor can be activated by several cytokines including TNF and IL-1. The TNF receptor activates NF $\kappa$ B through the TRAF2 adapter protein, whereas the IL-1 receptor activates NF $\kappa$ B in a pathway involving TRAF6. Both TRAF2 and TRAF6 have been shown to interact with a Serine/Threonine kinase designated NF $\kappa$ B inducing kinase (NIK), which appears to participate in the NF $\kappa$ B signaling cascades triggered by both TNF and IL-1. NIK associates with, and is a costimulator for I $\kappa$ B kinase a (IKK $\alpha$ ). IKK $\alpha$ , in turn, phosphorylates I $\kappa$ B, resulting in I $\kappa$ B degradation and NF $\kappa$ B activation. NIK has sequence similarity to several kinases that participate in MAP kinase cascades. NIK appears to be uninvolved in the TRAF2-mediated activation of JNK by TNF.

#### REFERENCES

- Rothe, M., et al. 1995. TRAF2-mediated activation of NFκB by TNF receptor 2 and CD40. Science 269: 1424-1427.
- Hsu, H., et al. 1996. TRADD-TRAF2 and TRADD-FADD interactions define two distinct TNF receptor 1 signal transduction pathways. Cell 84: 299-308.
- 3. Cao, Z., et al. 1996. TRAF6 is a signal transducer for interleukin-1. Nature 383: 443-446.
- 4. Malinin, N.L., et al. 1997. MAP3K-related kinase involved in NFκB induction by TNF, CD95 and IL-1. Nature 385: 540-544.
- 5. Song, H.Y., et al. 1997. Tumor necrosis factor (TNF)-mediated kinase cascades: bifurcation of nuclear factor- $\kappa$ B and c-Jun N-terminal kinase (JNK/SAPK) pathways at TNF receptor-associated factor 2. Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA 94: 9792-9796..

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MAP3K14 (human) mapping to 17q21.31.

#### PRODUCT

NIK siRNA (h2) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see NIK shRNA Plasmid (h2): sc-44314-SH and NIK shRNA (h2) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44314-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of NIK (h2) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-44314A, sc-44314B and sc-44314C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### APPLICATIONS

NIK siRNA (h2) is recommended for the inhibition of NIK expression in human cells.

#### SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

#### **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

NIK (A-12): sc-8417 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of NIK gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP: sc-2005 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:32,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP: sc-2031 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use goat anti-mouse IgG-TR: sc-2781 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor NIK gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: NIK (h2)-PR: sc-44314-PR (20  $\mu$ l, 572 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.