

# Produktinformation



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#### SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# **CRY1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles:** sc-44835-V



#### BACKGROUND

Circadian clocks are biological timepieces that regulate hormonal rhythms, sleep cycles and feeding behaviors. These rhythms are generated in the superchiasmatic nucleus (SCN), a cell-autonomous circadian oscillator located within the brain that is synchronized with the environment by light. A number of transcription factors, including Clock and BMAL1, are molecular components of the SCN that induce the expression of proteins involved in light/dark cycle entrainment, which include Per1 and Per2. Tim, for timeless, generates a negative feedback loop that regulates the activity of Clock by suppressing the expression of Clock target genes. Tim forms heterodimers with Per1 and Per2 that bind Clock and block the activation of Clock-BMAL1 dimers to to repress Per gene expression. Additionally, the CRY proteins, which are cryptochrome photoreceptors for the circadian clock, function as light-independent inhibitors of the circadian clock. CRY1 and CRY2 negatively regulate SCN components by associating with the activators Clock-BMAL1, and also with the various feedback inhibitors Per1, Per2 and Tim.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Morell, V. 1996. A 24-hour circadian clock is found in the mammalian retina. Science 272: 349.
- 2. Albrecht, U., et al. 1997. A differential response of two putative mammalian circadian regulators, mper1 and mper2, to light. Cell 91: 1055-1064.
- 3. Zylka, M.J., et al. 1998. Molecular analysis of mammalian timeless. Neuron 21: 1115-1122.
- 4. Sangoram, A.M., et al. 1998. Mammalian circadian autoregulatory loop: a timeless ortholog and mPer1 interact and negatively regulate CLOCK-BMAL1-induced transcription. Neuron 21: 1101-1113.
- 5. Dunlap, J.C. 1999. Molecular bases for circadian clocks. Cell 96: 271-290.
- 6. Jin, X., et al. 1999. A molecular mechanism regulating rhythmic output from the suprachiasmatic circadian clock. Cell 96: 57-68.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cry1 (mouse) mapping to 10 C1.

#### PRODUCT

CRY1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles is a pool of concentrated, transduction-ready viral particles containing 3 target-specific constructs that encode 19-25 nt (plus hairpin) shRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 200 µl frozen stock containing 1.0 x 10<sup>6</sup> infectious units of virus (IFU) in Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium with 25 mM HEPES pH 7.3. Suitable for 10-20 transductions. Also see CRY1 siRNA (m): sc-44835 and CRY1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-44835-SH as alternate gene silencing products.

#### **STORAGE**

Store lentiviral particles at -80° C. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once thawed, particles can be stored at 4° C for up to one week. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

CRY1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles is recommended for the inhibition of CRY1 expression in mouse cells.

#### SUPPORT REAGENTS

Control shRNA Lentiviral Particles: sc-108080. Available as 200 µl frozen viral stock containing 1.0 x 10<sup>6</sup> infectious units of virus (IFU); contains an shRNA construct encoding a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA.

### **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

CRY1 (A-20): sc-5953 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of CRY1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz<sup>™</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor CRY1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: CRY1 (m)-PR: sc-44835-PR (20 µl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

#### BIOSAFETY

Lentiviral particles can be employed in standard Biosafety Level 2 tissue culture facilities (and should be treated with the same level of caution as with any other potentially infectious reagent). Lentiviral particles are replication-incompetent and are designed to self-inactivate after transduction and integration of shRNA constructs into genomic DNA of target cells.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the nontransferable right to use the purchased amount of the product and all replicates and derivatives for research purposes conducted by the buyer in his laboratory only (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity). The buyer cannot sell or otherwise transfer (a) this product (b) its components or (c) materials made using this product or its components to a third party, or otherwise use this product or its components or materials made using this product or its components for Commercial Purposes.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.