

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic in



Mig-6 siRNA (h): sc-45704



The Power to Ouestion

BACKGROUND

Mitogen-inducible gene 6 protein (Mig-6), also designated Gene 33 or RALT, belongs to the Mig-6 family. The gene encoding for Mig-6 maps to chromosome 1p36.23. Mig-6 is a cytoplasmic protein acting as a feedback inhibitor of ErbB-2 mitogenic function and can suppress ErbB-2 oncogenic activity. The expression of Mig-6 is upregulated with cell growth. Mig-6 binds to the epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) upon EGF stimulation and is considered a negative feedback regulator of EGFR and a potential tumor suppressor. Mig-6 induces transcriptional activation of NF κ B by binding to its inhibitor, $I\kappa$ B- α . It enables the cell to respond persistently to chronic stress. Mig-6 mRNA levels increase in response to stress such as diabetic nephropathy, vasoactive peptides or mechanical strain. Mig-6 is expressed in liver, placenta and lung.

REFERENCES

- Wick, M., et al.1995. Identification of a novel mitogen-inducible gene (Mig-6): regulation during G₁ progression and differentiation. Exp. Cell Res. 219: 527-535.
- Makkinje, A., et al. 2000. Gene 33/Mig-6, a transcriptionally inducible adapter protein that binds GTP-Cdc42 and activates SAPK/JNK. A potential marker transcript for chronic pathologic conditions, such as diabetic nephropathy. Possible role in the response to persistent stress. J. Biol. Chem. 275: 17838-17847.
- Fiorentino, L., et al. 2000. Inhibition of ErbB-2 mitogenic and transforming activity by RALT, a mitogen-induced signal transducer which binds to the ErbB-2 kinase domain. Mol. Cell. Biol. 20: 7735-7750.
- 4. Hackel, P.O., et al. 2001. Mig-6 is a negative regulator of the epidermal growth factor receptor signal. Biol. Chem. 382: 1649-1662.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ERRFI1 (human) mapping to 1p36.23

PRODUCT

Mig-6 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Mig-6 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-45704-SH and Mig-6 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45704-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Mig-6 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-45704A, sc-45704B and sc-45704C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Mig-6 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of Mig-6 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Mig-6 (D-1): sc-137154 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Mig-6 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Mig-6 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Mig-6 (h)-PR: sc-45704-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Sun, M., et al. 2016. Type I γ phosphatidylinositol phosphate 5-kinase i5 controls the ubiquitination and degradation of the tumor suppressor mitogen-inducible gene 6. J. Biol. Chem. 291: 21461-21473.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com