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C2CD4D siRNA (m): sc-145588

BACKGROUND

C2CD4D (C2 calcium-dependent domain-containing protein 4D), also known as Gm659, is a 341 amino acid protein that contains one C2 domain. C2 domains are regions of about 130 amino acid residues that are found in proteins that bind phospholipids. It is thought that calcium binding to the C2 domain induces an electrostatic potential change that enhances phospholipid binding, which suggests a role for the domain as an electrostatic switch. C2CD4D is expressed in 18 organs, with highest expression levels in thymus, and is localized to the cytoplasm. The C2CD4D gene is conserved in human, mouse, rat, chimpanzee, Rhesus monkey and bovine. The mouse C2CD4D gene maps to chromosome 3 F2.1, while the human gene maps to chromosome 1. Chromosome 1 is the largest human chromosome spanning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome 1, and considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1. The rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford progeria, Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1.

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: C2cd4d (mouse) mapping to 3 F2.1.

PRODUCT

C2CD4D siRNA (m) is a pool of 2 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see C2CD4D shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-145588-SH and C2CD4D shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-145588-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of C2CD4D (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-145588A and sc-145588B.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

C2CD4D siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of C2CD4D expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor C2CD4D gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: C2CD4D (m)-PR: sc-145588-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.