

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

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Lieferung & Zahlungsart

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HDAC11 siRNA (m): sc-145909



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Histone deacetylases (HDACs) play an important role in the modification of chromatin structure and thus in the suppression and activation of transcription and cellular differentiation. There are 11 members in the HDAC family that are classified into four classes. Class I HDACs represent homologs of the yeast histone deacetylase Rpd3, class II HDACs share strong homology with the yeast histone deacetylase HDA1, class III HDAC are closely related to the yeast Sir2 protein and class IV HDACs comprises histone deacetylase 11 (HDAC11)-related enzymes. HDAC11 contains 347 amino acid residues. HDAC11 contains conserved residues in the catalytic core regions shared by both class I and II mammalian HDAC enzymes. Expression of HDAC11 is high in the kidney, heart, brain, skeletal muscle and testis, and it localizes to the cell nucleus.

REFERENCES

- Gao, L., Cueto, M.A., Asselbergs, F. and Atadja, P. 2002. Cloning and functional characterization of HDAC11, a novel member of the human histone deacetylase family. J. Biol. Chem. 277: 25748-25755.
- Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2002. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 607226. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
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- Bradbury, C.A., Khanim, F.L., Hayden, R., Bunce, C.M., White, D.A., Drayson, M.T., Craddock, C. and Turner, B.M. 2005. Histone deacetylases in acute myeloid leukaemia show a distinctive pattern of expression that changes selectively in response to deacetylase inhibitors. Leukemia 19: 1751-1759.
- Voelter-Mahlknecht, S., Ho, A.D. and Mahlknecht, U. 2005. Chromosomal organization and localization of the novel class IV human histone deacetylase 11 gene. Int. J. Mol. Med. 16: 589-598.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Hdac11 (mouse) mapping to 6 D1.

PRODUCT

HDAC11 siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see HDAC11 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-145909-SH and HDAC11 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-145909-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of HDAC11 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-145909A, sc-145909B and sc-145909C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

HDAC11 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of HDAC11 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

HDAC11 (C-5): sc-390737 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of HDAC11 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor HDAC11 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: HDAC11 (m)-PR: sc-145909-PR (20 μ l, 519 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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