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KIBRA siRNA (m): sc-146464

BACKGROUND

KIBRA (kidney and brain protein), also known as WW1 (WW and C2 domain containing 1) or HBEPP3, is a 1,113 amino acid protein that localizes to the cytoplasm and contains one C2 domain and two WW domains. Expressed in colon, brain, kidney and heart tissue, KIBRA is thought to interact with dendrin and, via this interaction, may play a role in collagen-induced signaling. Additionally, KIBRA, which exists as multiple alternatively spliced isoforms, is involved in memory performance and in the pathogenesis of Alzheimer's disease. The gene encoding KIBRA maps to human chromosome 5q34, which contains 181 million base pairs and comprises nearly 6% of the human genome. Deletion of the p arm of chromosome 5 leads to Cri du chat syndrome, while deletion of the q arm of chromosome 5 altogether is common in therapy-related acute myelogenous leukemias and myelodysplastic syndrome.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Wwc1 (mouse) mapping to 11 A4.

PRODUCT

KIBRA siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see KIBRA shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-146464-SH and KIBRA shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-146464-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of KIBRA (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-146464A, sc-146464B and sc-146464C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

KIBRA siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of KIBRA expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor KIBRA gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: KIBRA (m)-PR: sc-146464-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.