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MafA siRNA (m): sc-149215

BACKGROUND

Members of the bZIP containing Maf transcription factor family play important roles in cellular differentiation and regulation. MafA, originally identified in mammals as the pancreatic b-cell specific RIPE3b1 factor, is a transcriptional activator expressed specifically in Insulin-producing cells, where it functions by binding to the critical Insulin enhancer element RIPE3b. MafA is critical for generating and regulating glucose-responsive Insulin expression in b cells. The size of MafA in mammalian cell lines varies, due to posttranslational modification of the protein.

REFERENCES

1. Kerppola, T.K., et al. 1994. A conserved region adjacent to the basic domain is required for recognition of an extended DNA binding site by Maf/Nrl family proteins. *Oncogene* 11: 3149-3158.
2. Olbrot, M., et al. 2002. Identification of b cell-specific Insulin gene transcription factor RIPE3b1 as mammalian MafA. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 101: 6737-6742.
3. Kataoka, K., et al. 2002. MafA is a glucose-regulated and pancreatic b cell-specific transcriptional activator for the Insulin gene. *J. Biol. Chem.* 277: 49903-49910.
4. Samaras, S.E., et al. 2003. The islet b cell-enriched RIPE3b1/Maf transcription factor regulates PDX-1 expression. *J. Biol. Chem.* 278: 12263-12270.
5. Nishizawa, M., et al. 2003. MafA has strong cell transforming ability but is a weak transactivator. *Oncogene* 22: 7882-7890.
6. Matsuoka, T.A., et al. 2004. The MafA transcription factor appears to be responsible for tissue-specific expression of Insulin. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 101: 2930-2933.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Mafa (mouse) mapping to 15 D3.

PRODUCT

MafA siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see MafA shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-149215-SH and MafA shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-149215-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

MafA siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of MafA expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

MafA (F-6): sc-390491 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of MafA gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor MafA gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: MafA (m)-PR: sc-149215-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.