



**SZABO
SCANDIC**

Part of Europa Biosite

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic



Morc4 siRNA (m): sc-149504

BACKGROUND

The microorchidia (Morc) family of proteins includes four predicted members in human (Morc1, Morc2, Morc3 and Morc4) and five in mice (Morc1, Morc2a, Morc2b, Morc3 and Morc4). Morc4 (MORC family CW-type zinc finger protein 4), also known as ZCWCC2 (Zinc finger CW-type coiled-coil domain protein 2), is a 937 amino acid protein that contains a CW-type zinc finger, HATPase-c domain, nuclear matrix-binding domain, nuclear localization signals and a coiled-coil region. Ubiquitously expressed at low levels, Morc4 shows highest expression levels in testis and placenta. B-cells of patients with diffuse large B-cell lymphoma show higher levels of Morc4 mRNA than normal B-cells, suggesting that Morc4 is a potential lymphoma biomarker.

REFERENCES

- Watson, M.L., Zinn, A.R., Inoue, N., Hess, K.D., Cobb, J., Handel, M.A., Halaban, R., Duchene, C.C., Albright, G.M. and Moreadith, R.W. 1998. Identification of morc (microorchidia), a mutation that results in arrest of spermatogenesis at an early meiotic stage in the mouse. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95: 14361-14366.
- Inoue, N., Hess, K.D., Moreadith, R.W., Richardson, L.L., Handel, M.A., Watson, M.L. and Zinn, A.R. 1999. New gene family defined by MORC, a nuclear protein required for mouse spermatogenesis. Hum. Mol. Genet. 8: 1201-1207.
- Inoue, N., Wei, F., Seldin, M.F., Zinn, A.R. and Watson, M.L. 2000. Assignment of microorchidia (Morc) to mouse chromosome 16 by interspecific backcross linkage analysis and human chromosome 3q13 using somatic cell hybrids and *in situ* hybridization. Cytogenet. Cell Genet. 90: 123-125.
- Kimura, Y., Sakai, F., Nakano, O., Kisaki, O., Sugimoto, H., Sawamura, T., Sadano, H. and Osumi, T. 2002. The newly identified human nuclear protein NXP-2 possesses three distinct domains, the nuclear matrix-binding, RNA-binding, and coiled-coil domains. J. Biol. Chem. 277: 20611-20617.
- Liggins, A.P., Cooper, C.D., Lawrie, C.H., Brown, P.J., Collins, G.P., Hatton, C.S., Pulford, K. and Banham, A.H. 2007. MORC4, a novel member of the MORC family, is highly expressed in a subset of diffuse large B-cell lymphomas. Br. J. Haematol. 138: 479-486.
- Morgensztern, D., Martin, M.G. and Lossos, I.S. 2007. Gene expression profiling in diffuse large B-cell lymphoma. Leuk. Lymphoma 48: 669-682.
- Imami, K., Sugiyama, N., Kyono, Y., Tomita, M. and Ishihama, Y. 2008. Automated phosphoproteome analysis for cultured cancer cells by two-dimensional nanoLC-MS using a calcined titania/C18 biphasic column. Anal. Sci. 24: 161-166.
- Iyer, L.M., Abhiman, S. and Aravind, L. 2008. MutL homologs in restriction-modification systems and the origin of eukaryotic MORC ATPases. Biol. Direct. 3: 8.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Morc4 (mouse) mapping to X F1.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PRODUCT

Morc4 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Morc4 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-149504-SH and Morc4 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-149504-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Morc4 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-149504A, sc-149504B and sc-149504C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Morc4 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Morc4 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Morc4 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Morc4 (m)-PR: sc-149504-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.