



**SZABO
SCANDIC**

Part of Europa Biosite

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

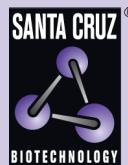
mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic



MRP-L13 siRNA (m): sc-149581



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Mitochondrial ribosomes are made of a 28S subunit and a larger 39S sub-unit. These ribosomes have an approximate composition of 75% protein to rRNA as compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where reverse proportions are found. MRP-L13 (39S ribosomal protein L13, mitochondrial) is a 178 amino acid protein that exists as a component of the 39S ribosomal subunit and works in conjunction with other MRPs to mediate protein synthesis. MRP-L13 contains an amino-terminal leucine zipper and a carboxy-terminal basic leucine zipper domain. MRP-L13 that is released from the 60S ribosomal subunit binds to γ -interferon-Activated Inhibitor of Translation (GAIT) element in the 3' UTR of ceruloplasmin (Cp), thereby silencing the translation of Cp. With this evidence, it has been suggested that MRP-L13 functions both as a protein synthesis machine and acts as a station for regulatory proteins that modulate translation.

REFERENCES

- Price, S.R., Nightingale, M.S., Bobak, D.A., Tsuchiya, M., Moss, J. and Vaughan, M. 1992. Conservation of a 23-kDa human transplantation antigen in mammalian species. *Genomics* 14: 959-964.
- Grohmann, L., Kitakawa, M., Isono, K., Goldschmidt-Reisin, S. and Graack, H.R. 1994. The yeast nuclear gene MRP-L13 codes for a protein of the large subunit of the mitochondrial ribosome. *Curr. Genet.* 26: 8-14.
- Kenmochi, N., Suzuki, T., Uechi, T., Magoori, M., Kuniba, M., Higa, S., Watanabe, K. and Tanaka, T. 2001. The human mitochondrial ribosomal protein genes: mapping of 54 genes to the chromosomes and implications for human disorders. *Genomics* 77: 65-70.
- Suzuki, T., Terasaki, M., Takemoto-Hori, C., Hanada, T., Ueda, T., Wada, A. and Watanabe, K. 2001. Structural compensation for the deficit of rRNA with proteins in the mammalian mitochondrial ribosome. Systematic analysis of protein components of the large ribosomal subunit from mammalian mitochondria. *J. Biol. Chem.* 276: 21724-21736.
- Mazumder, B., Sampath, P., Seshadri, V., Maitra, R.K., DiCorleto, P.E. and Fox, P.L. 2003. Regulated release of L13a from the 60S ribosomal subunit as a mechanism of transcript-specific translational control. *Cell* 115: 187-198.
- Kapasi, P., Chaudhuri, S., Vyas, K., Baus, D., Komar, A.A., Fox, P.L., Merrick, W.C. and Mazumder, B. 2007. L13a blocks 48S assembly: role of a general initiation factor in mRNA-specific translational control. *Mol. Cell* 25: 113-126.
- Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2007. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 610200. World Wide Web URL: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/>
- Emdadul Haque, M., Grasso, D., Miller, C., Spremulli, L.L. and Saada, A. 2008. The effect of mutated mitochondrial ribosomal proteins S16 and S22 on the assembly of the small and large ribosomal subunits in human mitochondria. *Mitochondrion* 8: 254-261.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Mrpl13 (mouse) mapping to 15 D1.

PRODUCT

MRP-L13 siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see MRP-L13 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-149581-SH and MRP-L13 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-149581-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

MRP-L13 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of MRP-L13 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor MRP-L13 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: MRP-L13 (m)-PR: sc-149581-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.