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Nebulin siRNA (m): sc-149895

BACKGROUND

Caldesmon, filamin 1, nebulin and villin are differentially expressed and regulated Actin binding proteins. Both muscular (CDh) and non-muscular (CDI) forms of caldesmon have been identified and each has been shown to bind to actin as well as to calmodulin and myosin. CDh is expressed predominantly on thin filaments in smooth muscle, whereas CDI is widely expressed in non-muscle tissues and cells. Filamin 1, which is ubiquitously expressed and exists as a homodimer, functions to crosslink actin to filaments. Nebulin is a large filamentous protein specific to muscle tissue that may function as a ruler for filament length. Several isoforms of nebulin are produced by alternative exon usage. Villin is Ca^{2+} -regulated and is the major structural component of the brush border of absorptive cells.

REFERENCES

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6. Zhang, J.Q., Luo, G., Herrera, A.H., Paterson, B. and Horowitz, R. 1996. cDNA cloning of mouse nebulin. Evidence that the nebulin-coding sequence is highly conserved among vertebrates. *Eur. J. Biochem.* 239: 835-841.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Neb (mouse) mapping to 2 C1.1.

PRODUCT

Nebulin siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Nebulin shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-149895-SH and Nebulin shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-149895-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Nebulin (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-149895A, sc-149895B and sc-149895C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20°C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20°C , avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μl of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μl of RNase-free water makes a 10 μM solution in a 10 μM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Nebulin siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Nebulin expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μM in 66 μl . Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Nebulin gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Nebulin (m)-PR: sc-149895-PR (20 μl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be $55-60^{\circ}\text{C}$ and the extension temperature should be $68-72^{\circ}\text{C}$.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.