



SZABO SCANDIC

Part of Europa Biosite

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC Handels GmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](https://www.linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic)



Nolz-1 siRNA (m): sc-150028

BACKGROUND

Nolz-1, also known as ZNF503 (zinc finger protein 503), is a 646 amino acid nuclear protein that is thought to function as a transcriptional repressor and is highly expressed in developing striatum. Additionally, Nolz-1 has been suggested to play a role in neural differentiation. A member of the Elbow/Noc family, Nolz-1 exists as three alternatively spliced isoforms and contains one C₂H₂-type zinc finger. The gene encoding Nolz-1 maps to human chromosome 10, which makes up approximately 4.5% of total DNA in cells and encodes nearly 1,200 genes. Several protein-coding genes, including those that encode for chemokines, cadherins, excision repair proteins, early growth response factors (Egrs) and fibroblast growth receptors (FGFRs), are located on chromosome 10. Defects in some of the genes that map to chromosome 10 are associated with Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, Jackson-Weiss syndrome, Usher syndrome, nonsyndromic deafness, Wolman's syndrome, Cowden syndrome, multiple endocrine neoplasia type 2 and porphyria.

REFERENCES

1. Jabs, E.W., Li, X., Scott, A.F., Meyers, G., Chen, W., Eccles, M., Mao, J.L., Charnas, L.R., Jackson, C.E. and Jaye, M. 1994. Jackson-Weiss and Crouzon syndromes are allelic with mutations in fibroblast growth factor receptor 2. *Nat. Genet.* 8: 275-279.
2. Berger, P., Young, P. and Suter, U. 2002. Molecular cell biology of Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease. *Neurogenetics* 4: 1-15.
3. Jia, L., Young, M.F., Powell, J., Yang, L., Ho, N.C., Hotchkiss, R., Robey, P.G. and Francomano, C.A. 2002. Gene expression profile of human bone marrow stromal cells: high-throughput expressed sequence tag sequencing analysis. *Genomics* 79: 7-17.
4. Chang, C.W., Tsai, C.W., Wang, H.F., Tsai, H.C., Chen, H.Y., Tsai, T.F., Takahashi, H., Li, H.Y., Fann, M.J., Yang, C.W., Hayashizaki, Y., Saito, T. and Liu, F.C. 2004. Identification of a developmentally regulated striatum-enriched zinc-finger gene, Nolz-1, in the mammalian brain. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 101: 2613-2618.
5. Teresi, R.E., Zbuk, K.M., Pezzolesi, M.G., Waite, K.A. and Eng, C. 2007. Cowden syndrome-affected patients with PTEN promoter mutations demonstrate abnormal protein translation. *Am. J. Hum. Genet.* 81: 756-767.
6. Cho, M.Y., Kim, H.S., Eng, C., Kim, D.S., Kang, S.J., Eom, M., Yi, S.Y. and Bronner, M.P. 2008. First report of ovarian dysgerminoma in Cowden syndrome with germline PTEN mutation and PTEN-related 10q loss of tumor heterozygosity. *Am. J. Surg. Pathol.* 32: 1258-1264.
7. Yin, Y. and Shen, W.H. 2008. PTEN: a new guardian of the genome. *Oncogene* 27: 5443-5453.
8. Laugel, V., Dalloz, C., Durand, M., Sauvinaud, F., Kristensen, U., Vincent, M.C., Pasquier, L., Odent, S., Cormier-Daire, V., Gener, B., Tobias, E.S., Tolmie, J.L., Martin-Coignard, D., Drouin-Garraud, V., Heron, D., et al. 2010. Mutation update for the CSB/ERCC6 and CSA/ERCC8 genes involved in Cockayne syndrome. *Hum. Mutat.* 31: 113-126.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Zfp503 (mouse) mapping to 14 A3.

PRODUCT

Nolz-1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Nolz-1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-150028-SH and Nolz-1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-150028-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Nolz-1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-150028A, sc-150028B and sc-150028C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Nolz-1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Nolz-1 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Nolz-1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Nolz-1 (m)-PR: sc-150028-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.