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## PC-PLD3 siRNA (m): sc-152046

### BACKGROUND

Virtually every cell uses phosphatidylcholine as a substrate to produce phosphatidic acid and choline. Phosphatidylcholine phospholipase D1, D2, D3, D4 and D5 (PC-PLD1-5) are phospholipid-specific phosphodiesterases that hydrolyze phosphatidylcholine to produce choline. PC-PLD activity in mammalian cells is transiently stimulated upon activation by G protein-coupled and receptor tyrosine kinase cell surface receptors. Both PC-PLD1 (which associates with secretory granules) and PC-PLD2 (which localizes to the plasma membrane) regulate macrophage phagocytosis and, through repression of p21, stimulate cell growth. PC-PLD3 localizes to the membrane of the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) and is thought to be highly expressed in neurons, possibly playing a role in neuronal choline production. PC-PLD4 and PC-PLD5 are both single-pass membrane proteins that localize to the membrane and contain two phosphodiesterase domains. Unlike its family members, PC-PLD5 lacks conserved active sites, suggesting that it has no phospholipase activity.

### REFERENCES

1. Nishida, A., et al. 1994. Brain ischemia decreases phosphatidylcholine-phospholipase D but not phosphatidylinositol phospholipase C in rats. *Stroke* 25: 1247-1251.
2. del Peso, L., et al. 1996. Activation of phospholipase D by Ras proteins is independent of protein kinase C. *J. Cell. Biochem.* 61: 599-608.
3. Houle, M.G., et al. 1999. Regulation of phospholipase D by phosphorylation-dependent mechanisms. *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* 1439: 135-149.
4. Zhao, D., et al. 2001. Generation of choline for acetylcholine synthesis by phospholipase D isoforms. *BMC Neurosci.* 2: 16.
5. Wang, L., et al. 2002. Involvement of phospholipases D1 and D2 in sphingosine 1-phosphate-induced ERK (extracellular-signal-regulated kinase) activation and interleukin-8 secretion in human bronchial epithelial cells. *Biochem. J.* 367: 751-760.
6. Kwun, H.J., et al. 2003. Transcriptional repression of cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor p21 gene by phospholipase D1 and D2. *FEBS Lett.* 544: 38-44.
7. Ahn, B.H., et al. 2003. Transmodulation between phospholipase D and c-Src enhances cell proliferation. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 23: 3103-3115.
8. Iyer, S.S., et al. 2004. Phospholipases D1 and D2 coordinately regulate macrophage phagocytosis. *J. Immunol.* 173: 2615-2623.
9. Munck, A., et al. 2005. Hu-K4 is a ubiquitously expressed type 2 transmembrane protein associated with the endoplasmic reticulum. *FEBS J.* 272: 1718-1726.

### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Pld3 (mouse) mapping to 7 A3.

### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.

### PRODUCT

PC-PLD3 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see PC-PLD3 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-152046-SH and PC-PLD3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-152046-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of PC-PLD3 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-152046A, sc-152046B and sc-152046C.

### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

### APPLICATIONS

PC-PLD3 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of PC-PLD3 expression in mouse cells.

### SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

### RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor PC-PLD3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: PC-PLD3 (m)-PR: sc-152046-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

### RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.