

# Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien
Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial
Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik
Laborgeräte & Service

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Lieferung & Zahlungsart siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

## Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

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#### SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

## PGP-I siRNA (m): sc-152193



#### BACKGROUND

PGP-I, also known as PGPEP1 (pyroglutamyl-peptidase I), PGP, PAP-I, Pcp, 5-oxoprolyl-peptidase, pyroglutamyl aminopeptidase I or pyrrolidone-carboxylate peptidase, is a 209 amino acid protein that localizes to cytoplasm and belongs to the peptidase C15 family. PGP-I catalyzes the hydrolysis of N-terminal pyroglutamyl residues from oligopeptides and proteins and removes 5-oxoproline from various penultimate amino acid residues, not including L-proline. PGP-I is inhibited by transition metal ions, including Ni<sup>2+</sup>, Zn<sup>2+</sup> and Cu<sup>2+</sup>, and also by sulfhydryl-blocking agents. Reversible inhibition of PGP-I occurs with 2-pyrrolidone and N-ethylmaleimide. The gene that encodes PGP-I maps to human chromosome 19p13.11.

#### REFERENCES

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- Charli, J.L., et al. 1987. Specific inhibitors of pyroglutamyl peptidase I and prolyl endopeptidase do not change the *in vitro* release of TRH or its content in rodent brain. Neuropeptides 9: 373-378.
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- Alba, F., et al. 1995. Comparison of soluble and membrane-bound pyroglutamyl peptidase I activities in rat brain tissues in the presence of detergents. Neuropeptides 29: 103-107.
- 5. Dando, P.M., et al. 2003. Pyroglutamyl-peptidase I: cloning, sequencing, and characterisation of the recombinant human enzyme. Protein Expr. Purif. 28: 111-119.
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- 8. Wolters, V.M., et al. 2008. Genetic background of celiac disease and its clinical implications. Am. J. Gastroenterol. 103: 190-195.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Pgpep1 (mouse) mapping to 8 B3.3.

#### PRODUCT

PGP-I siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see PGP-I shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-152193-SH and PGP-I shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-152193-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of PGP-I (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-152193A, sc-152193B and sc-152193C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at  $-20^{\circ}$  C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at  $-20^{\circ}$  C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

PGP-I siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of PGP-I expression in mouse cells.

#### SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

#### **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor PGP-I gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: PGP-I (m)-PR: sc-152193-PR (20  $\mu$ I). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.