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### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

[mail@szabo-scandic.com](mailto:mail@szabo-scandic.com)

[www.szabo-scandic.com](http://www.szabo-scandic.com)

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](http://linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic)



# SGLT-5 siRNA (m): sc-153421



*The Power to Question*

## BACKGROUND

Glucose, an essential substrate that is necessary for proper metabolism, is a polar molecule that is transported through biological membranes via specific transport proteins. The family of Na<sup>+</sup>-dependent glucose cotransporters (SGLT) mediate an active, sodium-linked transport process against an electrochemical gradient. The SGLT family of proteins are essential for absorption of dietary D-glucose and D-galactose from the intestinal lumen and in the reabsorption of D-glucose from the glomerular filtrate in kidney. SGLT-5, also known as SLC5A10 (solute carrier family 5 (sodium/glucose cotransporter), member 10), is a 596 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein belonging to the sodium:solute symporter (SSF) family that may function as a glucose transporter.

## REFERENCES

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## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Slc5a10 (mouse) mapping to 11 B2.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.

## PRODUCT

SGLT-5 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 µM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see SGLT-5 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-153421-SH and SGLT-5 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-153421-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of SGLT-5 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-153421A, sc-153421B and sc-153421C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 µl of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 µl of RNase-free water makes a 10 µM solution in a 10 µM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

SGLT-5 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of SGLT-5 expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor SGLT-5 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: SGLT-5 (m)-PR: sc-153421-PR (20 µl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.